WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT.
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No. 807 MARKET,
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ILADELPHIA,
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NDOUS SACRIFICE
RTH OF JEWELRY,
ONE DOLLAR EACH.
Assortment of Jewelry, consisting
ACELETS; CAMEO SETS, &c.
nch Plated Chains, Gold and Plated
ll any gilt, gilt or galvanized goods,
y the best Jewelers as Gold Jewel-
s from the best Gold Jewelry Man-
E FORCED TO SELL.
E FORCED TO SELL.
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a partial list of our immense stock:
OUR CHOICE FOR
$1 EACH.
OUR CHOICE FOR $1.
d Cameo Sets, General Retail
$8 to $1
Lava do 10 to 20
Carbuncle do 8 to 80
lted and Coral do 7 to 30
and Carbuncle do 7 to 30
and Ruby do 7 to 30
ape Setting sets do 10 to 80
Vase do 10 to 30
o Jet Sets, do 5 to 13
ck Mosaic do 6 to 12
old Stone Mosaic do 6 to 12
aline Sets, do 5 to 12
with brilliants, do 6 to 15
w style, do 8 to 20
ster do 10 to 30
do 3 to 7
Gold Pens and Cases, 3 to 6
ed Spoons, 2 00
4 00
reat styles Ladies' Jewelry; Medal-
ns and sizes; Lockets of every de-
14 karet, with Silver Extension
Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Cor-
and Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains,
ften years without changing color,
—they are usually sold by Jewelers
ll made in Paris. You can take
. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains,
y Jewelers at from $5 to $30 each;
Neck Chains, beautiful patters;
nelled and ruby settings; Crosses,
r $1 each, retail prices from $5 to
and variety of Jewelry and desira-
e prices, will continue long enough
stock, which was purchased at a
nufacturers who have failed.
CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.
CIAL NOTICE.
TO SEND MONEY.—Ca
ne place of Residence, County and
ts we can make *nothing out of*
WAX, as Envelopes sealed with gum
e opened—the consents taken out
e this, and we will be responsible
MENTS TO AGENTS.
Agent, who will send us at one
old Hunting Case Watch, extra.
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E US A TRIAL.
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WILLIAM FLINT,
No. 807 Market Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Agents.
BLIC.—THE SUB-
taken the establishment heretofore
now old respectfully an-
of Altoona and vicinity,
LE AND RETAIL
STOVE & STOVE STORE,
Annie street, between Harriet and
where he will keep constant-
tment of everything in his line,
reasonable terms.
& SPOUTING
He also manufactures LEADER
said to be much superior to gal-
d a copper-smithing room to his
keep on hand an assortment of cop
&c.
promptly attended to.
age is respectfully solicited.
STEPHEN WINTERS.
1860.
PHIA WATCH AND
OCCUPANT,
ner of Quarry St.
Philadelphia.
ill keep a large assortment of Gold
American, English and Swiss man-
Watches, all makers, in addition to
always on hand (and made to order) an
welry, Silver and Silver Plated ware.
assortment of such goods as are
ally a Watch and Jewelry Store.
eneral, and those of the subscriber,
ticularly, are invited to call, and
article for their money. *As I am*
business, goods will be sold very
Quick Sales" is the motto of this
LEWIS R. BROOMALL,
Formerly O. Conrad.
Store, cor. of Quarry, Philada.
QUESTION WHICH
mind of every person
the best article for my
other matters, the sub-
ed to direct, but if you
line of
OR SHOES
ination of his stock and work.
on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes,
which he offers at fair prices.
attention to custom work, all of
ed to give satisfaction. None but the
ed
on Virginia street, immediately
store.
JOHN H. ROBERTS.
nd Grocery Store.
CRIBER KEEPS CON-
and
Bread, Cakes, &c.
BACON, FLOUR,
OCERIES,
of SEGARS and TOBACCO.
ACOB RINK,
ginia Street, below Annie Street.
OE ESTABLISHMENT.
RSIGNED ANNOUNCE
Altoona and vicinity that they have
D SHOE SHOP
Shop, Winters' Tin Shop, East
will keep on hand a good assortment
their own manufacture.
ention given to making *Ladies' Shoes*,
a share of public patronage, feel-
can render entire satisfaction.
JOHN SIDNEY
POLICE GAZETTE.—
urnal of Crime and Criminals is fa
is widely circulated throughout
ains all the Great Trials, Criminal
Editorials on the same, together with
and Matters, not to be found in any
per annum; $1 for six months, to
ers, (who should write their names
and State where they reside plainly.)
To G. W. MATSELL & CO.,
Pr. of New York Police Gazette,
New York City.
ND SHOES.—THE UN-
now on hand and will
in the Masonic Temple,
assortment of BOOTS
ready, or made to order,
sidals, Gum Shoes, Cork
in his line of business, of
on the most reasonable terms. All
ted.
J. SAOEMAKER.
OR SALE,
50,000 LATHES,
ING MATERIALS, lower than the
ply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.
LARD OILS, CAM-
e Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at
KESSLER'S.
AT McCORMICK'S Store
partment of Ready-Made clothing.
Nov. 25, tf

Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 6. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1861. NO. 24.

MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL

REFORM.

ADVICE FREE.

New-York Benevolent Infirmary,

ESTABLISHED 1850,

and devoted to *The Cause of Medical Reform*; to the *Diffusion of Medical Knowledge for the Prevention of Disease*, and to the relief of those suffering and afflicted with Chronic and Virulent Disorders. To this end this Infirmary is endowed, to enable the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land, to avoid the *Poisonous Drugs, Extortion*, and *Ignorance of professed Physicians*, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish.

The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country:

Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Eye and Ear Disease, Cancers and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and all diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, from whatever cause or whatever nature. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.

Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will furnish when requested the very best medicines at the lowest rates.

These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care of able Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, including all the recent discoveries.

To all addressing us by letter, containing full account of symptoms and appearances of disease, age, occupation, &c., we will write a candid reply, with advice and directions for cure. Any fees sent us when sending for advice will be devoted to furnishing medicine for the poor. In all cases medicine can be sent by mail or express if desired. Send for one or more of our works and judge for yourselves. Also published at the Infirmary, to aid these objects,

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN,

containing simple remedies easily obtained for the cure of diseases in all its forms, with full explanations of the cause, symptoms, diet, bathing and exercise. Price 50 cts.

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AND THE PHYSIOLOGY ON MARRIAGE.

A work on the cause, symptoms and treatment of all complaints peculiar to the sex, on marriage, its duties, delights, and its results, on Children, their ills, and on the prevention of conception, with Invaluable Instructions to them on subjects of a private nature. Price 25 cents.

The Gentlemen's Medical Companion,

AND PRIVATE ADVISER.

A book for the old and young, embracing the Pathology, Prevention and Cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and a warning voice of advice and counsel, such as is to be found in no other work. Price 25 cents.

THE GUIDE AND GUARD

FOR EVERY ONE.

It exposes all the Humbugs, and the various Tricks to entice the sick and well. It illustrates the plans of the Quacks and Rogues to dupe every one. It guides the unwary through life, and shows up every swindle of the age. It shows how all kinds of Food, Medicines, Liquors and Goods are adulterated, with the means of detecting the frauds. Price 25 cents.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND FARM,

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For every family, having over 1000 receipts on Cooking, Preserving, Dyeing, Cleaning, &c. How to plant and what is the best to raise. How to cure animals, advice to housekeepers, farmers and mechanics, on 1000 subjects of interest. Price 25 cents. Worth $10 to any one.

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For those who wish to get well from that awful disease, a full description of all the remedies used for it, with a careful statement of the results, and other useful information. Price 10 cents.

The information in them is not to be found in any works published, nor obtainable from any other source. These books are published on fine white paper, and beautifully bound.

Any of the above works will be mailed free, on receipt of price, in stamps, or money; or the whole in a handsomely bound volume for ONE DOLLAR. No family should be without them. They are illustrated with beautiful engravings, and contain the condensed experience of years.

AGENTS WANTED for the above works, who can make $120 a month. Send for a circular for agents.

To the young of both sexes suffering from secret habits: prostration of body; loss of power; nervous debility; loss of sight; wakefulness; love of solitude; eruptions on the face, &c., &c. *Send before it is too late*; before you suffer incurable damage to both body and mind.

To Females who want *safe, pleasant* and *sure* remedies for Irregularities, Obstructions, Whites, &c., send to us.

PREVENTIVE.

We are convinced that there are many parents of scrofulous, consumptive and diseased constitution to whom a number of terms offering only brings suffering and poverty. To such we would say write, and we will send information of a sure, well-tested, and never-failing PREVENTIVE.

We will mail free, to any one applying for it,

THE JOURNAL OF MEDICAL REFORM.

It is a large and beautiful paper, and contains the most valuable information on Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness. The cause, effects and cure, showing the awful effects of the disease.

On all other diseases of the Sexual Organs, a full explanation of the origin of Syphilis, the means of prevention and cure.

On Consumption, that fearful disease.
On the Liver, Heart, Stomach and Skin.
On Female Complaints.
On the various Schools of Medicines.
On the modes of Treatment now practised.
On the False Treatment of Diseases.
On the various Medical Humbugs.
On the Physiology of Marriage.
On the Common sense of Medicine.
On Diet, Exercises, and Ablution.
How the Physician should be.
How to prevent Pregnancy.
And many other things. SEND FOR IT.

This journal should be in the hands of every one.

J. Hexsel, M. D., A. M., Chief Physician. S. S. Morris, Surgeon. Dr. J. Boyle, Chemist.

Office in New York, 154 Chambers street.
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Correspondents will please enclose two or three stamps for return postage, and address

DR. A. BERNEY, Secretary.
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Nov. 15, 1860.-1y

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POCO METALIC PAINT,

EQUAL TO RED LEAD AND 75 per cent. cheaper—stands 200 degrees heat—warranted water proof and will neither fade nor wash. For

STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES, GAS HOLDERS, RAIL ROAD BRIDGES AND CARS, PLASTER, IRON AND BRICK FRONTS, TIN ROOFS, HOUSES, BARNS, FENCES, WAGONS, SHIP DECKS, PLUMBERS' JOINTS, IRON FOUNDERS PATTERNS,
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For graining and staining equal to Turkish Umber.

COLORS are Umber Brown Lake, Olive Indian Red and Black.

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WM. L. HOUPT,
March 21-6m. No. 132 N. 4th street, Philadelphia.

CONFECTIONERY

& ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

ICE CREAM SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up ICE CREAM of all flavors during the season.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.

DENTISTRY.

J. IRVIN STEEL, D. D. S., HAVING located permanently in Altoona, respectfully offers his services in the different departments of

Surgical and Mechanical Dentistry.

Office latterly occupied by C. Jaggard's Store, Virginia st., Altoona, Pa. May 16, '61-tf.

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK.

R. O. A. KERR

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM New York city with a beautiful assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

FOR THE LADIES,

consisting in part of

Toil De Ete, Japanese,
Pekin Stripe, De Cheeres,
Irish Poplins, Ducals,
Lavellas, Polards,
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INDIAN SILK SHAWLS,

a beautiful article, cheap and fashionable,

STELLA AND PRINTED SHAWLS.

A large assortment of the prettiest PRINTS ever brought to the town, so acknowledged by competent judges.

Ladies' Trimmings in endless variety.

He calls special attention to his beautiful assortment of

QUEENSWARE,

which is acknowledged to be the most complete of any in the town, and sold at prices defying competition. Iron Stone sets for $4.50—Tea Sets for $3.00.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

directly from New York, and bought from first hands,

BRUSSELS, ALL WOOL, INGRAIN, LIST, HEMP AND RAG CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS from 1 to 2 yards wide.

His stock of

GROCERIES

is complete in every respect, and will be sold at as low a figure as any house this side of the city.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. Good Carriages for $4.00 and $4.50, and Spring Carriages for $5.00, just as good as heretofore sold for $8.00.

Wooden and Willow Ware

in almost every variety, together with all the outfit of a first class store. [May 9, 1861-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING

MACHINES.

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair County.

Wheeler & Wilson's Wheeler & Wilson's

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

Over 14,000 More

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as to the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

Iron City College

$35,00

Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the Country. Upward of twelve hundred young men, from twenty-eight different States, have been educated for business here, within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of

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For Catalogue of 84 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals,

JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Altoona, Jan. 24, '61-1y.

THE ROOT & HERB DOCTOR,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

WHO HAS HAD 30 YEARS CONSTANT practice, can be consulted at the Altoona House, Mr. John Wood's, viz.:—*On the 7th of June, the 8th of July, and the 7th of August*—he will then vacate for 3 months. Notice will be given in this paper when he commences his Winter's Term again.

He treats all diseases that flesh is heir to. He invites all females who may be suffering with diseases peculiar to their sex, to call and examine his new mode of treatment. As thousands have been restored to health who have been abandoned by others. He is in possession of perfect instruments for sounding the lungs and chest and is therefore able to determine the exact condition of the vital organs—consequently can treat such complaints with greater safety and certainty than it is possible for those who guess at the disease and experiment for its cure. He believes that for every malady, there is found in our soil a sure and never-failing remedy.

Patients can receive treatment for $5 per month, except in cases of Cancers and Tumors, they vary from $10 to $100. Examination free. DR. W. LEVINGSTON.

N. B.—See Handbills. [May 8, '61.

GLEN-ECHO MILLS,

GERMANTOWN, PA.

McCALLUM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Carpeting, Druggets, Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS, &C.

WAREHOUSE, No 509 CHESTNUT STREET, (opposite the State House,) PHILADELPHIA. [mar21.'61-1y.

DR. CALDERWOOD offers his Professional Services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on *Virginia Street*, nearly opposite C. J. Mann's Store.

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J. B. Luden, M. D., Huntingdon.
Jno McCulloch, M. D., "
H. T. Coffey, " Pittsburgh.
Rev. J. B. Crist, Birmingham.
Rev. Thomas Stevenson, Tyrone City.
Jacob Burley, "
C. Guyer, "
W. Burley, "
M. H. Jolly, "

Altoona, May 9th, 1861-1y*

TILGHMAN V. RHOADS,.....CHARLES SAILOR.

REVERE HOUSE,

(LATE EAGLE HOTEL,)

Third Street, above Rce,

PHILADELPHIA.

RHOADS & SAILOR, Proprietors.

TERMS, $1.25 PER DAY.

March 7, 1861-1y

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

E. B. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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Advertisemen s not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square

Select Poetry.

SCOTT AND THE VETERAN.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

An old and crippled veteran to the War Department came;
He sought the Chief who led him on many a field of fame—
The Chief who shouted "Forward!" where'er his banner rose,
And bore its stars in triumph behind the flying foes.

"Have you forgotten, General," the battered soldier cried,
"The days of eighteen hundred twelve, when I was at your side?
Have you forgotten Johnson, who fought at Lundy's Lane?
'Tis true I'm old and pensioned, but I want to fight again."

"Have I forgotten?" said the Chief—"my brave old soldier, No!
And here's the hand I gave you then, and let it tell you so.
But you have done your share, my friend; you're crippled, old and gray,
And we have need of younger arms and fresher blood to-day."

"But, General!" cried the veteran—a flush upon his brow—
"The very men who fought with us, they say, are traitors now;
They've torn the Flag of Lundy's Lane—our old Red, White and Blue—
And while a drop of blood is left, I'll show that drop is true.

"I'm not so weak but I can strike, and I've a good old gun,
To get the range of traitors' hearts, and prick them one by one;
Your Minie rifles and such arms it's not worth while to try;
I couldn't get the hang o' them, but I'll keep my powder dry!"

"God bless you, comrade!" said the Chief—"God bless your loyal heart!
But younger men are in the field, and claim to have their part;
They'll plant our sacred Banner in each rebellious town,
And woe, henceforth, to any hand that dares to pull it down!"

"But, General!" (still persisting,) the weeping veteran cried:
"I'm young enough to follow, so long as you're my guide;
And some you know must bite the dust, and that at least can I;
So, give the young a place to fight, but me a place to die!

"If they should fire on Pickens, let the Colonel in command
Put me upon the ramparts, with the flagstaff in my hand:
No odds how hot the cannon-smoke, or how the shells may fly,
I'll hold the Stars and Stripes aloft, and hold them till I die!

"I'm ready, General; so you let a post to me be given,
Where Washington can see me, as he looks from highest Heaven,
And say to Putnam at his side, or may be Gen'l Wayne:—
'There stands old Billy Johnson, who fought at Lundy's Lane!'

"And when the fight is hottest, before the traitors fly—
When shells and balls are whizzing, and bursting in the sky—
If any shot should hit me, and lay me on my face,
My soul would go to Washington's, and *not to Arnold's*, place!"

Select Miscellany.

Correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial.

Sharp Skirmishing in the Western part of Virginia.

BUCKHANNON, Va., July 7, '61.

A gallant band of fifty Buckeyes, Third Ohio Regiment, under Capt. O. A. Lawson, of Columbus, made a good record yesterday afternoon, at Middle Fork Bridge.—On Friday afternoon, without Gen. McClellan's knowledge, General Schleigh ordered Col. Morrow to detach fifty men for a scouting expedition. Surgeon M'Means accompanied the party—five men being taken from each Company of the Regiment. The expedition proceeded by bridle-paths across the hills to a point on Beverly pike, five miles this side of Middle Fork Bridge, and encamped for the night. About midnight, Union men appealed to them for protection against marauding rebels who had pillaged their houses, and forced their women and children to flee to the woods for safety. Lawson scaled a rough mountain and crossed Middle Fork in the morning, two-and-a-half miles above the bridge. He followed the stream, with great difficulty, through unbroken thickets, until he reached a good ambush within musket range of the bridge, which was crowded with rebels.—The enemy discovered his party, and an advance-guard of five cautiously moved towards him from the bridge, all ready with their muskets. His men stood up, and both parties fired simultaneously.—Three of the rebels fled at the first round, and the other two dropped immediately afterwards. The enemy now opened upon his little band from three sides—from the bridge, behind its embankments, and the thickets on the hillside.

In order to get a better opportunity he moved his men into an open space, seventy-five yards from, and commanding the eastern entrance of the bridge, and poured into the crowd of rebels a galling fire.—The effect was, awful imprecations and screams of "murder." His men obeyed orders with absolute composure. A number had already been hit, and one was killed in the act of firing. After firing four rounds into the bridge, he ordered a retreat, and the lads backed slowly into the bushes, carrying their wounded. The enemy did not pursue, and his party re-crossed the stream a mile-and-a-half above the bridge. Capt. Lawson brought away the musket of the dead soldier, but was unable to carry off the body—the enemy's ambuscades from the hillsides being too hot. He says his party was not much harassed by the party at the bridge, but the ambuscade was annoying

Those in the bridge and behind the embankment would pop up their heads and blaze away without good aim, but those in the bushes were more deliberate. An Irishman in the party says it was "hot as hell!" Lawson says his men behaved splendidly; not a man flinched, and they obeyed orders just as promptly as if on dress parade.

The men say that the Captain himself animated them by his cheerful voice, which was heard above the din of the conflict. Dr. McMeans says the Captain was as calm and collected as if he were playing soldier.

The casualties were as follows:—Samuel W. Johns, of Hamilton, Butler county, shot dead by a ball through the breast; corporal High, of Columbus, shot in the right foot by a rebel from the hillside.—The ball struck the top of his ancle, and passed downward, shattering the small bones of the foot. The surgeons hope to save the foot, but it is doubtful. High was in the front of the battle, and fell exclaiming—"Captain, I'm hit, but I must have another shot; rising and standing on one foot, he loaded and fired twice more, when, being faint, two of his comrades assisted him into the bushes. Nicholas Black, a Brighton butcher boy, of Cincinnati, was struck in the forehead, over the right eye, by a buckshot, which lodged between the skull bones—a severe wound, but not dangerous. He fell, but rose again and took two more shots at the enemy. George W. Darling, of Neward, was shot in the left arm; the ball entered at the elbow, and traversed the muscles of the arm seven or eight inches, ploughing up a ghastly furrow; the bone was not broken. David Edson, of Barnesville, Belmont county, slightly wounded in the right arm. Joseph Backus, of Newark, slightly wounded in the left leg. William Dening of Hamilton, Butler Co., had the skin above his right ear cut by a ball. Seven or eight of the men received scratches, and had their clothing riddled. Captain Lawson says, Mr. Miller, of Worthington, was the coolest and pluckiest fellow in the fight. He was the last to quit the field, and left the bushes twice to get a fair shot; but Dr. McMeans said every man of the party displayed good pluck. The wounded were brought to the hospital in wagons, this morning, and are comfortable. Captain Lawson and his men are confident that some were killed on the bridge. Seven were killed outside of the bridge. All accounts agree that the rebels were about 300 strong, mostly Georgians, including forty horsemen who were armed with Sharpe's carbines.

General McClellan is much pleased with the gallantry of the men, but severely censures the expedition. Lawson gives valuable information about the topography of Middle Fork.

From the St. Paul Pioneer & Democrat, of July 3d.

TERRIBLE INDIAN FIGHT.

We are indebted to James McFetridge, Esq., late United States collector at Pembina, for the particulars of a bloody fight between the Sioux and Chippewas, of which he was an eye-witness, at St. Joseph, on the Pembina river, on the 10th of June last.

Last summer, while the Hon. Charles Grant was encamped with a party of hunters, on Mouse river, twelve horses were stolen from him by a party of Yankton Sioux. Nothing was heard of the horses until the 10th of June last, when a party of thirty-two Sioux warriors accompanied by two squaws, arrived at St. Joseph with the stolen property, for the purpose of returning it, in pursuance of a recent treaty made between Pembina half-breed hunters and the Yankton Sioux. The delegation with the stolen horses arrived opposite St. Joseph about two o'clock in the afternoon; they immediately crossed the river and proceeded to the residence of Gov. Wilkie a member of the Territorial Legislature.

Unfortunately, a large party of Chippewas, and also parties of Assiniboines and Cres were encamped at St. Joseph, and the Chippewas fired on the Sioux when they were in the act of entering Governor Wilkie's house. The Sioux took possession of the house, and, removing the "chinking" from between the logs, returned the fire with effect. From this time until midnight a constant firing was kept up between the Indians. Six Chippewas, three Sioux, and two Assiniboines were killed during the struggle. Governor Wilkie's daughter in passing within range of the combatants, was severely wounded in the thigh by an arrow.

Mr. McFetridge describes the scene as terribly exciting, and relates instances of great individual bravery. One Chippewa, a son of the Chief, Bad Bear, was shot three times in attempting to enter the house; at each shot he fell to the ground, but raised himself, and pushed forward; his progress was stopped at the treshold by one of the Sioux cleaving his head through to the chin with an axe.

The House occupied by the Sioux is about two hundred feet from the river. The Chippewas surrounded it, and, to make their escape, the Sioux were compelled to run that distance, and wade the river to the south bank, in the face of a constant fire from their enemies. This they did aided by the darkness of the night, with but the loss of one warrior, who was found dead by the Chippewas in the morning, on the south bank of the stream. The Sioux left behind them thirty-two horses in addition to the twelve stolen ones, and the dead bodies of three of their warriors.

Mr. McFetridge states that the residence of Gov. Wilkie resembled a slaughter-house, on the morning after the conflict. Five Chippewas and two Sioux were lying dead on the floor, which was covered with their blood. The Sioux did not scalp the dead Chippewas in the house nor mutilate their bodies. The Chippewas were more brutal; they cut up the dead bodies of their foes and burned them.

Although the half-breeds of St. Joseph refrained from taking any part in the fight, they are apprehensive of an attack from a body of Sioux, now encamped at Devil's Lake. The Sioux promised to return and settle accounts with the Chippewas, in numbers like the mosquitoes—a very forcible simile in that locality.

Congress appropriated, a year or more ago, $50,000 for the erection of a fort on Pembina river, to prevent such outrages as this. We submit that the occurrence here related indicates the necessity of immediate action on the part of the Federal Government. There should be a permanent military post located at St. Joseph, or in that vicinity, immediately.

TWO FORGIVEN DESERTERS.—A lady of Alexandria narrates the following incident, which affords a striking, but sad illustration of the effects of civil war. The lady in question has resided with an only daughter for many years in Alexandaia. About nine months since, a mutual friend introduced a young gentleman of Richmond to the family. The young people soon became intimately acquainted, and quite naturally fell in love. The parents on both sides consenting, the parties were betrothed, and the marriage day was fixed for the 4th of July, inst. In the mean time, however, Virginians were called upon to decide upon which side they would stand. The ladies declared themselves on the side of the Government, but the gentleman joined the forces of his State. No opportunity was afforded for the interchange of sentiments between the young folks or anything settled as to their future movements. Matters thus remained until the 4th of July, when exactly within an hour of the time originally fixed for the marriage, intelligence was conveyed to the residence of the ladies that the young man had been shot by a sentry two days before, while attempting to desert and join his bride. His betrothed did not shed a tear, but standing erect, smiled, and then remarking to her mother, "I am going to desert too," fell on the floor, while the life blood bubbled from her lips, and on the Monday following her remains were conveyed to their last resting place.

A SINGULAR DIVICE.—In the Superior Court, a few days since, a colored individual, named James Preston, was sentenced to eight years in the State Prison. Previous to his removal, and while in the room assigned for prisoners, he was visited by his wife, whose *peculiar appearance* excited some sympathy for the case. In the illness at which her appearance hinted she would be without the comforting and consoling society of her husband, and she must struggle, unaided, to obtain food for another mouth. She saw her convict lord, but what transpired during the interview is unknown, further than that she unwound from about her person a long strip of bed ticking material, sixty or seventy feet in length, with a hook upon one end, and with this article Preston tried to make his escape. He placed the hook upon the window bar and jumping suddenly out was in the act of descending to the ground—from the fourth story and in broad daylight—when Constable Smith caught him *by the wool* and hauled him back to the room. The whole affair caused much excitement, and its more amusing features will not soon be forgotten. Mrs. P. is "as well as could be expected."—*Boston Post.*

☞ Disappeared—The comet.

Bounty Land Grants to Soldiers.

The following is the bill reported in the House of Representatives by Mr. Holman of Indiana, granting bounty land to certain officers and soldiers who have been or shall hereafter be engaged in the military service of the United States:

Be it enacted, &c., That each commissioned and non-commissioned officer, musician and private, who shall have been in the military service, or shall have volunteered or enlisted and been regularly mustered into the military service of the United States, since the twelfth day of April, 1861, and shall have been or shall be in such service for a period of not less than sixty days, and shall have received or shall receive an honorable discharge, shall be entitled to receive a warrant from the Department of the Interior for one hundred and sixty acres of land.

Section second grants one hundred and sixty acres of land to the widow or minor children of any officer, non-commissioned officer, musician or private, who may be killed or die in the service, provided he had been mustered into service for a period of not less than three months.

Section third provides that the land warrants shall be assignable only subsequent to the delivery to the person to whom issued, and such assignment to be valid must be personally executed by such person.

Section fourth provides for the location of such warrants on any public lands duly surveyed and subject to sale.

Section fifth extends the benefit of the act to the militia or volunteers of any State or Territory who shall have been mustered into the actual service of the United States, provided that such militia or volunteers shall have been actually armed and equipped by such State or Territory, and in the actual pay thereof, for the purpose of sustaining the authority of the government of the United States.

Section sixth gives three hundred and sixty, in stead of one hundred and sixty acres of land, to every officer, non-commissioned office musician or privave, or to his widow or minor children, who shall have been mustered into the service prior to August 1, 1861, and continue in such service until the military forces of the United States, except the regular army, shall be disbanded, or who shall be previously honorably discharged on account of wounds received or sickness incurred in such service.

Section eight applies the provisions of the act to officers and seamen in the navy within the periods and subject to the limitation of the act.

Section ninth provides that the Secretary of War, with the approval of the President, shall prescribe rules and regulations necessary to carry the act into effect.

Section tenth provides that an honorable discharge, on account of wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty, shall entitle the party discharged to the same benefits as if the term of service had been fully performed.

A KNOWING CONTRABAND.—A number of "contrabands" are in the camp of the Connecticut regiment, at Falls Church, Va., where they take to work very cheerfully. A little ten year old came in the other day, who had evidently learned fast of late. Says a letter in the Hartford *Press*: "Who owns you?" said I. "Nobody don't own me," said he, "I owns myself." Treasonable—very. He says he "don't like the Virginny soldiers."—I asked him how he knew we would treat him well. "Oh, I knowed," said he, "and I seed oder folks a comin' yere."

☞ A female military company named the Union Captivators, has been formed at Falmouth, Ky., and over thirty of the young ladies of the place have joined the organization. The uniform is an apron of the old fashioned cut, made of red, white and blue—that part covering the bosom representing the stars and the lower part the stripes.

☞ During the trial of the Holbrook divorce case, at Dedham, Mass., one of the lawyers proposed to narrate a history of the case. "Don't want to hear it," said Judge Metcalf, "I havn't heard anything else for two years."

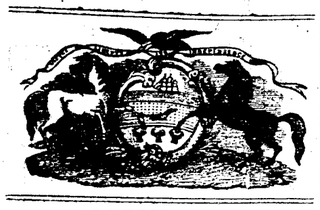
☞ Sometime since, a letter was received at the Chicago post office, directed to an "Honest Man." The chief clerk sent it to the dead letter department with the candid confession that no such a man lived in Chicago.

☞ "My son, haven't I told you three times to go and shut that gate?" said a father to a four year old. "Yes," said Young American, "and havent't I told you three times that I would'nt do it? You must be stupid."

☞ "File right!" said an officer to his company. "Bedad," said an Irishman, who stood near sharpening his saw, "it's me own property, and I'll be doin' as I plaze wid it—for all you!"

☞ Model wives formerly took a stitch in time, but now, with the aid of sewing machines, they take one in no time.

The Altoona Tribune.



ALTOONA, PA.

MONDAY, JULY 18, 1861.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

THE NEWS.

We gave a short account, in our last issue, of an engagement between 1500 Union troops and some 6,000 Secessionists, at Carthage, Missouri, in which it was stated that between 300 and 1,000 of the Union troops were killed, and that the loss of the Secessionists was between 1,000 and 2,000. It turns out, however, that this story, like many other first accounts of battles, which the telegraph has brought us, was greatly exagerated, and we are now disposed to doubt all first accounts of battles. The truth in regard to the Carthage engagement is, that there were 8 killed and 45 wounded on the Union side, and the loss of the Secessionists is not over 200 or 250.

The New Orleans *Picayune* has a dispatch, dated at Richmond, Va., 8th inst., announcing the death of Gov. Ellis, of N. Carolina.

An article published elsewhere confirms the account that Gov. Wise has been mortally wounded, and, as the report has it, "there is no *danger* of his recovery."

We think it is about time the Government would pay particular attention to a couple of privateers, or pirates, that have recently been making rich hauls of United States merchant vessels. The piratical vessels referred to are the "Sumpter" and the "Jeff Davis," which, between them, have taken fourteen vessels bearing the American flag. The "Sumpter" carried her prizes, seven in number, to Cienfuegos, a port in the Island of Cuba, but whether she will be allowed to land them there remains to be seen. The Government of Spain has followed the example of England and France, and declared strict neutrality, and any act of hospitality to these pirates will involve a serious complication of our relations with Spain, as we would, in that event, be compelled to look upon her as an enemy. Quite a number of vessels have recently been fitted out and well manned, at Boston and New York, to cruise for these pirates, and it is to be hoped that they will soon be captured.

There are now 80 regiments of troops at Washington and in the vicinity. There are 34 regiments in the city and suburbs, and 46 under Gen. M'Dowell, on the Virginia side of the Potomac. Estimating each regiment at 800 men, (the most of them have over 1,000,) we have an army of 64,000 men near the Capitol, to which may be added 25 regiments, or 25,000 men, that are to be thrown into Washington, and thence across the Potomac, during the present week. This force is invincible. All of this vast force has been long enough under drill to make them equal to regulars.

Gen. Scott is reported to be highly delighted with the news from Gen. McClellan's column, advancing from Western Virginia. The battles at Rich Mountain and Carrick's Ford were splendid victories on the Union side. A full account of each will be found elsewhere in our columns. Gen. McClellan is winning laurels rapidly.

The scouts and picket-guards of the Union army are constantly making arrests of Secession scouts. The Southerners must soon become convinced that they are not able either to measure swords or out-trick the "detestable Yankees," as they style the Northerners.

The statements of Gen. McClellan, in his official despatches, and the condition of the command under Col. Pegram, who asked Gen. Mc. to accept of his surrender, is convincing proof of the destitution of the rebel army. A part of the Southern horde may be pretty well fed, but as a general thing, we are inclined to believe that it is in a deplorable condition, and that Gen. Scott's delay is actually doing more to defeat the object of the Confederate leaders, than an overwhelming army overrunning the country, could possibly accomplish.

The U. S. Senators elected by the new Legislature of Virginia have been admitted to seats in the U. S. Senate—the Senate having declared the seats of Hunter and Mason vacant. Wm. B. Willey takes the place of Mason, and John S. Carlisle the place of Hunter. John S. Clark, member of Congress from Missouri, has been expelled because of his taking up arms against the Government. The House, on the 13th inst., passed a bill for the relief of the soldiers who lost private property in the hasty removal from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter. The amount was $1,100.

It is now positively asserted that the rebels have fallen back from Fairfax Court House and are preparing to evacuate Manassa Junction. They have lately, however, endeavored to give our men as much trouble as possible in following them up, by felling trees across and otherwise blockading the roads leading to those points. As an evidence that a forward movement is to be made from Washington towards those places it is stated that 1,000 axes have been distributed among the first three regiments ordered in that direction.

Gen. Patterson's column is still in Martinsburg.

The Public Debt.

We notice considerable speculation in our exchanges, in reference to the loan asked for by the President, and already partly granted by Congress. Some of the enemies (we can call them nothing less,) of the general Government are endeavoring to create alarm in the minds of the people, by crying out "direct taxation," and quoting the opinions of Thomas Jefferson in opposition to creating a heavy National debt. The opinions of Jefferson are sound, and we heartily endorse them, so far as they pertain to creating a heavy debt when there is no real necessity for it; but that eminent framer of the Declaration of Independence little dreamed, when he penned his opinion in reference to a national debt, that at this early day in the history of the great republic he helped to inaugurate, a band of wicked men, comprising, as is estimated, one-third of the population of the republic, would rise up in arms and rebel against the laws he assisted in framing. If the Union is to be preserved, men must be called out to do it; and would it be right to call out men, and make no provision for paying them for their services?—Whether would it have been better to let the National Capitol fall into the hands of a set of villainous, thieving monarchists, our Union be dissolved, and all that we hold sacred—our liberties—wrested from us, than to have called men to the defence of one and all of these? There can be but one answer. We have no idea that direct taxation will be resorted to, but even should it be, would not the payment of a few cents, or dollars, as we may be able, be infinitely preferable to the destruction of the great republic under which we are proud to boast that we live, and under which we are permitted to enjoy all the blessings that can make us happy and contented. But we need not argue this question. Every thinking, calculating man can at once see the necessity of creating this debt, if rebellion is to be crushed out, and the Constitution and the laws upheld; and even should direct taxation result, the assessment must be very small. The rebellious States must pay their share in the end, if not in the beginning.

TERRIBLE GUNBOAT.—Southern papers give us an account of a terrible gunboat now on its way up the Mississippi, from Baton Rouge. It is said to be iron plated and is armed with 62-pounders, and is destined for Cairo, to co-operate with the rebels in their long meditated attack on that point. We have our doubts about that story. Most likely that terrible boat, like the taking of Washington city and the splendid victories achieved by the chivalry of the South, exists only in the fertile imaginations of Southern editors.

☞ We have received the August No. of *Godey's Lady's Book*, and must pronounce it capital. Notwithstanding the depression in the sale of literary publications at this time, Godey keeps up with his former issues in everything, and has done what but few others, if any, have done, viz: put down the price of his book 33 per cent. He deserves encouragement and will receive it. Price $1.00 for six months.

☞ *Peterson's Magazine* for August came to hand in due time, and, as correspondents would say, "contents noted." The engravings, fashion-plates, embroidery-patterns, needle-work, &c., is alone worth the price of the magazine, and could not be purchased for the same price elsewhere. The contributions are well written, interesting and instructive. Price $2.00 per annum. Charles J. Peterson, Philadelphia.

From the Army.

We are permitted to copy the following extracts from a private letter received by a gentleman in this place, from a member of Company I, 5th Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, recently ordered from Camp Curtin to Cumberland, Md. The letter is dated Cumberland Heights, July 12, 1861, and says:

"We are now encamped at the above named place, where Col. Wallace's scouts (Indiana Zouaves,) met with such good success in their contest with the rebels. Our camp is situated on the hill directly west of Cumberland and East of the Potomac river, giving us a fair view of the town. It contains a great many persons who favor the Secessionists. Our Company took one of these persons prisoner, on last Sunday evening, at Camp Mason & Dixon. He was held until we arrived at this place, when he was handed over to the Mayor by the military authorities. I have since heard that he was released after giving $2,000 bail, and taking the oath of allegiance to the United States. It was with some difficulty that he was kept alive while held as a prisoner, as the "sojer boys" wanted to tie the secession neck-tie on him—the knot of which comes under the butt of the ear. He was very much frightened, and he had good reason to be, as his conversation proved him to be a spy, and it was only through the intercession of influential friends in Cumberland that he escaped so easily.

This afternoon the orders are, not to allow either officers or privates to leave the camp. It is generally supposed that the Colonels fear an attack, as we have not yet been reinforced.—There are only two regiments here, with two pieces of artillery. Capt. Campbell is expected in camp to-day, with his battery of flying artillery, and then we will be ready for them. The nearest Secession camp is at Romney, about ten miles from here, in which it is said there are about 5,000 men. The picket-guards, 56 in number, of Col Kane's Regiment, were driven in yesterday, by a force of about 400 Secessionists. To-day there is a large force of scouts thrown out, but I have not heard from them.

Our camp has been visited here, as it was at Mason & Dixon, by a woman who pretends to be insane. I learn that she has recently been arrested as a spy. Whilst in camp, yesterday morning, she visited our quarters and examined our muskets, and wanted to know if they were not called Minie Rifles. From conversation I have had with her I do not believe her insane."

Since the above letter was written, the troops stationed at Cumberland have been ordered by Gen. McClellan to proceed South and cut off the retreat of Gen. Garnett's army, recently routed at Rich Mountain and Carrick's Ford, and it is quite likely that they have, ere this time, had a brush with the rebels.

A Flag of Truce.

It is the most sacred symbol of war. It is the type of honor, and is respected by every civilized nation. The ground which it covers is holy ground, and the hand which bears it is safe from violence or wrong. It carries with it certain privileges, but those privileges should never be abused. It grants certain rights, but the very nature of those rights should prevent treachery and espionage. So jealously are the privileges of a flag of truce guarded, and so universal is the feeling of reverence entertained for it, that when, during the Russian war, an English truce-bearer was fired upon before Cronstadt, the whole world cried shame, and greeted the authors of the crime with scorn and condemnation.

We do not expect many courtesies from the insurgents. Men who can lie and steal will not be particular about obeying the balance of the commandments. But we certainly did think they would have paid some regard to a flag of truce, and that they would respect a symbol which is sacred under the walls of China, the banks of the Danube, and the shores of the Southern sea. We must abandon that hope.—This insurrection shows that they can not only abuse the privilege of a flag of truce, but even fire upon those who bear it. At Fort Sumpter they redoubled their fire when Anderson raised the white flag over his burning citadel. When Commodore Stringham sent a flag to Norfolk, the battery at Sewell's Point cannonaded the barge on which it was borne. Colonel Taylor wishes to inspect our fortifications at Arlington and he brings a foolish message under a flag, and almost at the same thime we find the same trick played upon Gen. Patterson.

It has remained for the Southern insurgents to thus violate this holy emblem. They have systematized dishonor and treason: they have organized piracy, and it is appropriate that they should crown their infamy by outraging a symbol which is sacred in the eyes of every civilized man.—*Press.*

From Western Virginia.

Mr. Star, of Mason county, who arrived in this city last evening, reports that it is reliably ascertained that Henry A. Wise, if not actually dead, is so badly wounded that there is no danger of his recovery. Wise and his body-guard, as before stated, were going to fill an appointment at Sissonsville. Some forty Union men, who, not feeling safe at their homes, had been spending most of their time in the woods, armed with ordinary rifles, heard of Wise's coming, and secreted themselves—ambuscaded in the regular way—and upon their approach, each man fired at his man, and then retreated to the top of a high hill. Wise and Patton, together with about thirty or forty others, were seen to fall. The Union men, after reaching the top of the hill, saw those who escaped carrying off the dead and wounded.

Several persons recently arrived from Charlestown, say that there is no mistake about Wise being wounded, and, as he has been suffering from disease, it is supposed he cannot recover.

There were about 4,000 Federal troops at Gallipolis, Ohio, who intended crossing the river soon, in order to fix up things and put the Union men on their pegs. There was not a prominent Union man between Point Pleasant and Ravenswood, on the Ohio, nor for ten miles back. All had crossed over to Ohio.—*Wheeling* (Va.) *Intelligencer, 13th inst.*

GEN. GEORGE M'CLELLAN.—The most brilliant officer now in the field, of regular military training, is a Philadelphian by birth and residence. Gen. Geo. M'Clellan is the second son of the late Dr. George M'Clellan, of this city, and the brother of our fellow citizen, J. H. B. M'Clellan, M. D., of Walnut street. Gen. McClellan has been repeatedly spoken of as from Woodstock, Conn. His father was from Woodstock, and after graduating at Yale College, in 1815, he settled in Philadelphia in 1817, where he resided until his death, in May 1847. He married into one of the most influential families of Philadelphia, in 1821, and his second son is the distinguished General now in command of the Western section of our army, of whom our citizens will hear further before long. The family is of Scotch ancestry, of martial spirit, and have always been opposed to oppression.—One of Gen. McClellan's ancestors was in the battle of Culloden, and his great-grandfather was Gen. Samuel M'Clellan, of the Revolution. At the early age of twenty, then a lieutenant, M'Clellan went out with the sappers and miners in the Valley of Mexico, in the war of 1846, which terminated in the capture of the city of Mexico, and the promise of his youth has been more than confirmed in the successful career of his yet early manhood.—*Phila. Inquirer.*

Brilliant Victory in Western Virginia!

THE REBELS ROUTED.

1,000 PRISONERS TAKEN!

CAPTURE OF GUNS, BAGGAGE WAGONS, CAMP EQUIPPAGE, &c.

BEVERLY, July 12.—Yesterday morning Gen. McClellan ordered four regiments (the 8th, 10th and 13th Indiana, and the 19th Ohio) to proceed along the line of the hills southeast of the enemy's entrenched camp, on the Beverly road, where it crosses Rich's Mountain, two miles east of the enemy's position, with orders to advance along the Beverly road, and attack the east side of the work—Gen McClellan being prepared to assault the west side as soon as the firing should announce the commencement of the attack.

The capture of a courier, who mistook the road through the enemy's camp for the route of our troops, placed the enemy in possession of the movement.

When Gen. Rosencrans reached the Beverly road, at two o'clock, after a most exhausting march over the mountains, he found the enemy posted on the opposite side of the road, about 800 strong, with two cannons, holding a strong position, partially fortified. An engagement immediately took place, and continued for three quarters of an hour, when the rebels were totally routed, with a loss of 300 including ten officers and both cannon. About 75 of the killed and 75 wounded are in our hands, besides 150 prisoners.

The road was between two hills. Our troops, descending a steep declivity, were greatly exposed to the fire of the rebels, who occupied the opposite hill and poured their musketry, shot, and shell upon them.

Gen. Rosencrans' column remained at the place of the engagement during the night.

Gen. McClellan was in position with his whole force during the afternoon, ready to make the assult, but heard nothing from the other column except distant firing early in the morning.

He was proceeding to plant his cannon upon an eminence commanding a portion of the rebel camp, and preparing to attack the whole nest in front, when it was ascertained that the enemy had evacuated the place during the night, moving towards Laurel Hill, leaving a few men with their sick, and their cannon, camp equipage, and transportation.

A rapid march was then made by General McClellan to Beverly, passing General Rosencrans' command on the road, with instructions to follow quickly.

At Beverly it was ascertained, late in the day, that the rebel forces at Laurel Hill had retreated, moving towards Romney. Our total loss is not more than 11 killed and 35 Wounded.

The foregoing report has been approved by Gen. McClellan.

DESPATCH FROM M'CLELLAN IN REFERENCE TO THE FIGHT.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The following despatch from General McClellan was received to-day at the Army Headquarters:

BEAKRLY, July 12th, 1861.

COL E. D. TOWNSEND, Washington, D. C.

"The success of to day is all that I could desire. We captured six brass cannons, of which one is rifled, all the enemy's camp equipage and transportation, even to his cups. The number of tents will probably reach two hundred, and more than sixty wagons. Their killed and wounded will amount to fully one hundred and fifty, with one hundred prisoners, and more coming in constantly. I know already of ten officers killed and prisoners. Their retreat is complete.

"I occupied Beverly by a rapid march. Garnett abandoned his camp early in the morning, leaving much of his equipage. He came within a few miles of Beverly, but our rapid march turned him back in great confusion, and he is now retreating on the road to St. George. I have ordered Gen. Morris to follow him up closely.

"I have telegraph for the two Pennsylvania regiments at Cumberland to join Gen. Hill at Rowlesburg. The general is concentrating all his troops at Rowlesburg, and he will cut off Garnett's retreat near West Union, or, if possible, at St. George.

"I may say that we have driven out some ten thousand troops, strongly entrenched, with the loss of 11 killed and 35 wounded. The provision returns here show Garnett's force to have been ten thousand men. They were Eastern Virginians, Tennesseans, Georgians, and, I think Carolinians. To-morrow I can give full details as to prisoners &c.

"I trust that General Cox has, by this time, driven Wise out of the Kanawha Valley. In that case I shall have accomplished the object of liberating Western Virginia.

"I hope the General-in-Chief will approve of my operations. G. B. McCLELLAN,

"Maj. Gen. commanding the Dept. of Ohio."

CINCINNATI, July 14—A special despatch to the *Commercial*, dated at Beverly, says that Gen. McClellan's advance division is moving rapidly towards the Cheat Mountain pass. The rebels burned the bridges at Hattonsville, and will burn the Cheat Mountain bridge, but this cannot delay us an hour.

At Rich Mountain 131 dead rebels were found. Our wounded are doing well. Ten commissioned rebel officers were killed and captured, including Captain Stepwith, of Powhatan; Capt. D. E. Langell, late of the United States army; Captain Irwin, of Brunswick, dangerously wounded. Drs. Tyler and Wall, late of the United States army, are prisoners. Some Georgians and South Carolinians are among the dead, but the dead are generally from Eastern Virginia.

This morning, Colonel Pegram, who commanded at Rich Mountain, sent a letter to General McClellan, offering to surrender himself and his command of 600 men. Their surrender was accepted, and the prisoners will probably march in to day. They are much reduced by hunger.

WASHINGTON, July 14—the following despatch has been received at the headquarters of the army here:

Report of Gen. McClellan to Lieut. Gen. Scott, dated Beverly, July 13:—"I have received from Col. Pegram propositions for his surrender, with his officers and the remnant of his command, say 600 men. They are said to be very penitent, and determined never again to take up arms against the General Government.

"I shall have nearly 900 or 1,000 prisoners to take care of when Pegram comes. The latest accounts make the loss of the rebels, in killed and wounded, some 150."

A RESOLVE WHICH MEANS SOMETHING.—Yesterday, in the House, Mr. M'Clernand offered the following:

WHEREAS, A portion of the people of the United States, in violation of their constitutional obligations, have taken up arms against the National Government, and are now striving, by an aggressive and inquitous war, to overthrow and break up the Union, therefore,

Resolved, That this House pledges itself to vote for any amount of money and any number of men which may be necessary to insure the speedy and effectual suppression of the said rebellion and the permanent restoration of the Federal authority everywhere within the limits and jurisdiction of the United States.

The resolution was adopted: yeas 121, nays 5. The nays were Messrs. Burnett, Grider, Norton, Reed and Wood.

BATTLE AT CARRICK'S FORD.

A WATERLOO DEFEAT!

GEN GARNETT KILLED AND HIS FORCES SCATTERED.

CINCINNATI, July 14.—A special dispatch to the "Gazette," from the field of battle at Carrick's Ford, dated the 14th, states that on the night of the 11th the rebel army, at Laurel Hill under command of Brigadier General Garnett, late Major in the United States Army, evacuated its camp in great haste, on learning of Gen. McClellan's approach to Beverly, apparently hoping to pass Beverly before Gen. McClellan's arrival, and thus escape the trap set for them by a passage through Cheat Mountain Gap.—The evacuation was discovered on the morning of the 12th, and a pursuit instantly ordered.—By two o'clock the 9th Indiana entered the rebel camp, on Laurel Hill, and found a large number of tents, a lot of flour, camp equipage and clothing, and several sick and wounded, with a note asking us to give them proper attention.—The whole road for twenty miles was strewn with baggage, thrown from wagons to hasten their retreat.

The rebel army went within three miles of Beverly. These met the rebels flying from Rich Mountain, and finding escape to Huttonsville impossible, all united and returned towards Laurel Hill, and took the road in the direction of St. George. General Morris' division pursued them for a mile or two beyond Leedsville that night, and halted from eleven till three o'clock in the morning, when the advance resumed pursuit and continued it all day, in spite of the incessant rain pouring down. The rebel army left the pike, struck Cheat river, and pursued the mountain road down the valley.

Our advanced guard, composed of the 14th Ohio, and 7th and 9th Indiana, pushed on, guided through the mountain gullies by the tents and furniture, provisions and knapsacks thrown from the rebels' wagons, to facilitate their flight. Our troops forded Cheat river four times, and finally, about one o'clock, came up with the enemy's rear guard. The 14th Ohio advanced rapidly to the ford, in which the enemy's wagons were standing, when suddenly the rebel army opened a furious fire on them with small arms and two rifled cannon from the bluff, on the opposite side of the river, where they had been concealed. The firing was too high. The 14th returned it with spirit; meanwhile two pieces of the Cleveland artilery came up and opened on the rebels, and the 9th Indiana advanced in support of the 14th Ohio's left, while the 7th Indiana crossed the river between the two fires, and came in on the enemy's right flank. The rebels then fled in great disorder, leaving their finest piece of artillery at the next ford, a quarter of a mile farther.

Gen. Garnett attempted to rally his forces, when the 7th Indiana came up in hot pursuit, and another brisk engagement ensued. Gen. Garnett was finally shot dead, when his army fled in wild confusion toward St. George. The 7th Indiana pursued them a mile or two, but our forces were so exhausted with their forced march of twenty miles, with but little rest from yesterday's march, that Gen. Morris refused to let them pursue farther.

The results of the whole affair are the capture of the rebel camp at Laurel Hill with a large amount of tents, camp equipage, forty baggage wagons, and field and camp chests, supposed to contain all their money, two regimental banners of theirs, that of the Georgia regiment, four Georgia captains and Lieutenants, a large number of Virginia officers and the death of Gen. Garnett and twenty of his men, and wounding a much larger number. Our loss was wholly in the Fourteenth Ohio, two killed and two mortally wounded. Our force is now engaged burying the dead. Gen. Garnett's body is lying at headquarters. His body will be sent to his family at Richmond.

Along the line of retreat the woods are filled with deserted rebels, and our men are ordered to stop arresting prisoners, because we can't take care of them. There were over 4,000 rebels on the bluff commanding our position, who opened fire on the 14th Ohio regiment, and the distance was little over two hundred yards, their artillery was rapidly served, but aimed about two feet too high, cutting off trees above the heads of our boys. Our advance, which alone entered the engagement, numbered less than two thousand.

It is thought our forces at Rowlesburg will cut off the retreat of the remainder, and secure the few baggage wagons left in the rebel army, composed mainly of Georgians and Eastern Virginians. Colonel Ramsay, of the Georgia regiment, succeeds General Garnett in their command. The Georgians were direct from Pensacola.

The same correspondent telegraphs from Grafton last night, that coming through the field of battle on Cheat river yesterday, with Major Gordon, who had charge of the corpse of General Garnett, we learned that the rebel army had left the remainder of their baggage train and artillery at a point about two miles from St. George. Word was instantly sent back to Gen. Morris, and all is now probably captured. The rebels are greatly disorganized, and heading for Hardy county. Garnett's corpse is here awaiting orders from his family.

GEN. SCOTT QUIET UNDER ABUSE.—A correspondent from Washington does not coincide with the opinion of newspaper field-marshals respecting the dilatoriness of the Commander-in-Chief. He says:—"The Lord be praised for endowing one man in this fast, bustling age, with the graces of silence and patience. Even the Homeric Jove is not more sublime than Gen. Scott at this hour, calmly gathering his thunder-bolts. Said a gentleman to him the other day—'General, the people are impatient for results.' 'Yes, sir, I know it,' he replied, 'but they expect *successful* results. War is my profession; I have made it the study of a life, and I am now too old to learn. War, sir, requires money, men, time and *patience*. And,' said he, with emphasis, 'President Lincoln has assured me that *I shall have all these.*' Then, more playfully, he continued—'To march an army and then retreat, consumes shoe-leather, and that, for the body of men under my charge, is an important consideration.'"

☞ "*Caleb Cushing*" is after "*Jefferson Davis!*" There are certainly some peculiar coincidences in history, but this last is the most peculiar of all. No Northern man ever admired Davis more ardently than cushing. He was his especial advocate, apologist, and eulogist. He stood by him at the Charleston Convention, voted for him at the Baltimore Convention, and tried to nominate him at the seceding Convention. They were the Damon and Pythias of the Democratic party; they enjoyed its favor, and contributed to its ruin. But alas for history and its changes! Cushing has subsided in Newburyport, Davis is about to subside in Richmond, and the telegraph informs us that the revenue-cutter *Caleb Cushing* has left Boston in pursuit of the privateer *Jefferson Davis*. Think over the past year and its events, and then imagine the *Cushing* towing the *Davis* into Boston Bay!

WHAT IS AN AMBULANCE?—An ambulance is a light carriage, the body being mounted upon two wheels and supported by very elastic, light springs. It is a little over six feet in length.—There are cots for two inside, with beds, head pillows, &c. The top is covered with black oil cloth, but the body and running gear are painted red. The ambulance is intended for one horse, with a seat for the driver in front, and being very light, though strongly built, can be driven along very rapidly without injury to the wounded.

WILL ACCEPT NO COMPROMISE.—The Hon. Henry May, representing the fourth Congressional District of Maryland, returned to Baltimore from his visit to Richmond, Va., on Saturday last, by way of Winchester and Frederick. He was detained several days by indisposition. Mr. May is impressed with the belief that the government of the Confederate States will accept of no compromise which has not for its basis the recognition of the Southern Confederacy. General Lee is at Richmond holding a high military command.

☞ Reader, have you seen Prof. Wood's advertisement in our paper. Read it; it will interest you.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To Consumptives.

And those afflicted with

DYSPEPSIA,
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
HEART DISEASE,
FEVER & AGUE, OR
CONSTIPATION.

The under-signed, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a copy of Prescriptions used, (Free of Charge, with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick; they will find these remedies a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN.

Nov. 15,'60.-1y. Williamsburgh, New York

Dr. Velpeau's Cankerine.

DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Painful Sore Mouth.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sore Nipples.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Sore.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Cuts.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Burns.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Chapped Lips.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Gum.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE is the best Purifier of the Breath of anything known.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Canker in the Mouth, Throat, or Stomach, resulting from Scarlatina or Typhus Fevers.

Ladies, if you delight in pearly white teeth, use the CANKERINE, and your desires will be realized. We pledge our word that it is entirely free from acids and all poisonous substances, and can be given to an infant with perfect safety. It will preserve the teeth and keep the gums free from ulcers. It is equally efficacious for nursing sore mouths. In all the thousands of remedies that have been put forth for the cure of the various diseases above, none can equal the Cankerine. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per bottle.

J. BURRILL & Co.
Proprietors, 63 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

For sale in Altoona by G. W. KESSLER.

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PILLS FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in correcting, regulating, and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and always successful as a preventative.

There is not a lady living but what at some period of her life needs just such a medicine as "Dupongo's Golden Pills." One of the first ladies of Chester told the Agent there that she had received so much benefit from three of them, she would be willing to pay $5 a box, rather than be without them, if she could get them no less. The ingredients composing these pills are made known to every Agent. They will tell you they are perfectly harmless and yet will do all claimed for them. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1.00 per box—Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, sole Agent for Altoona, Pa.

Ladies by sending him $1.00 to the Altoona Post Office, can have the pills sent to any part of the country (confidentially) by mail, "free of postage." Sold also by JOHN READ, Huntingdon, and by one Druggist in every village, town and city in the State.

S. D. HOWE.
Sole Proprietor, New York.

N. B.—The above Pills have been counterfeited, and are offered to Ladies at prices ranging from 25 cents to 50 cents dear at that.) Look out for them. The genuine hereafter, will bear the signature of S. D. Howe, sole proprietor. Price—$1. Purchase of the above gentleman, and you will find the genuine article, and one you may rely upon.

January 21, 1861.—1y.

EVERY SUMMER the demand for Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters increases. It is found to be the only certain preservation of bodily strength during a period when the atmosphere is calculated to induce a feeling of lassitude and indigestion. The worst cases of Diarrhœa and Dysentery give way to its potent influence. Innumerable persons, who are now alive and well, must thank the discoverer of this preparation that they have not been swept away in the harvest of death. The Bitters is recommended by the best physicians in the land. This is the best evidence of its real value, because, as a general thing, they will not speak a word in favor of advertised preparations. They have been compelled to acknowledge the claims of the Bitters upon the community. Sold by all druggists.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
Oct. 4,'60.—1y. Kings County, New York

A Card to the Suffering.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefitting others, I will send this recipe which I brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address

REV. WM. COSGROVE.
439, Fulton Avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

☞ THE GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF THE UNION.—Philadelphia possesses the most splendid Clothing Emporium in the country. It is splendid as regards the palatial structure in which the immense business of the establishment is conducted, and it is equally splendid in respect to its great facilities and vast resources. But to its patrons its chief attractions are, first, the elegance of the garments for Gentlemen and Youths, manufactured there; secondly, the beauty and durability of the materials, and the superior excellence of the fit, and lastly the moderate prices at which the goods are sold. We refer, in this description, to none other than the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. above Sixth, Philadelphia.

☞ We invite special attention to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's *Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator*, in another column. For weakness and general debility there is nothing like it; it will strengthen, exhilarate, create an appetite at once, regulate the bilious system, aid digestion, and in short, restore the weakened organs to all their original vigor and strength. So valuable a Tonic Cordial should be in the hands of every invalid and in every family. Reader, try it.

...T NO COMPROMISE.—The Hon. ... representing the fourth Congress... of Maryland, returned to Balti... visit to Richmond, Va., on Sat... way of Winchester and Frederick... ed several days by indisposition. ...pressed with the belief that the ... the Confederate States will ac... promise which has not for its ...nition of the Southern Confeder... Lee is at Richmond holding a ...ommand.

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REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN.
Williamsburgh, New York.

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Williamsburgh,
Kings County, New York

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Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.
MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way	10 40 A. M.
Western Way	7 00 "
Hollidaysburg	7 00 A. M. and 6 00 P. M.
Western Through	6 00 P. M.
Eastern Through	7 20 "

MAILS ARRIVE.

Hollidaysburg	7 00 A. M. and 6 20 P. M.
Western Through	4 40 A. M.
Eastern Through	7 10 "
Western Way	11 00 A. M.
Eastern Way	6 30 P. M.

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week, from 6 45 A. M. till 7 20 P. M. On Sundays, from 6 45 till 7 45 A. M.
JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1861.

Express Train	East	arrives	4.40 A.M.,	leaves	4.45 A. M.
"	West	"	7.10 A. M.	"	7.20 A. M.
Fast	East	"	8.30 P. M.	"	8.50 P. M
"	West	"	7.55 P. M.,	"	8.10 P. M.
Mail	East	"	11.00 A. M.	"	11.20 A. M.
"	West	"	6.00 P. M.	"	6.50 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train West, and Mail Train East and West.
INDIANA BRANCH TRAINS connect with Johnstown Accommodation Trains East and West, Express West, and Fast Line and Mail train East and West.

LOCAL ITEMS.

HOW TO CURE CANCER.—The Milwaukie *Democrat* states that some eight months ago, Mr. T. B. Mason, who keeps a music store on Wisconsin street, ascertained that he had a cancer on his face the size of a pin. It was cut out by Dr. Walcott, and the wound partially healed.—Subsequently it grew again, and while he was at Cincinnati on business, it attained the size of a hickory nut. He remained there since Christmas under treatment, and is now perfectly cured. The process is this: A piece of sticking plaster was put over the cancer, with a circular piece cut out of the centre a little larger than the cancer, so that the cancer and a small circular rim of healthy skin next to it was exposed. Then a plaster made of chloride of zinc, blood-root and wheat flour, was spread on a piece of muslin the size of this circular opening, and applied to the cancer for twenty-four hours.—On removing it, the cancer will be found burnt into and appear of the color and hardness of an old shoe sole, and the circular rim outside of it will appear white and parboiled, as if scalded by hot steam. The wound is now dressed, and the outside rim soon separates, and the cancer comes out in a hard lump, and the place heals up. The plaster kills the cancer, so that it sloughs out like dead flesh, and never grows again. The remedy was discovered by Dr. Fell of London, and has been used by him for six or eight years with unfailing success, and not a case has been known of the re-appearance of the cancer when this remedy has been applied.

TENT PITCHED.—On Monday last, a tent was pitched on the commons, above East Altoona, for the purpose of holding religious services daily, in accordance with the following programme. A more extended notice of the object of the tent will be given in our next. The nightly meetings are well attended:

"The Union Tabernacle, or Moveable Tent-Church is now open for religious service in this place. When the sides are extended there will be room for 1,000. Come and welcome!"

OUR SERVICES,

For the short time the Tent can remain here, will be held daily. Our usual services on week days consist of a sunrise prayer-meeting from 5 to 6 A. M.; Children's meeting from 4½ to 5½ P. M; and preaching from 7½ to 9 P. M. Services on the Sabbath will be more frequent.—Besides the speakers in the vicinity, there will also be many from abroad.

J. L. LANDIS, *Superintendent.*"

PEACE AND WAR emblematically represented in an original and brilliant pen drawing by Messrs. Duff and Cochran, of Duff's College, Pittsburgh. The Goddess of Peace is represented offering the dark, frowning-mailed God of war the olive wreath. Besides the one are the emblems of peace and plenty, behind the other the torch-bearer, havoc and destruction, wreathed with the emblem of barrenness the thistle. The whole design is eminently appropriate and impressive; and for chaste and exquisitely finished decorations, it is a masterpiece of the penman's art, which renders its authors in every way worthy of their position in this splendid establishment, which, for 21 years past, has filled the same place for a commercial education, that West Point has for a military one.

RETURN OF OUR VOLUNTEERS.—The three months time of the Logan Rifle Rangers and Altoona Guards will expire on the 22d inst., (next Monday,) when those who intend enlisting for three years will be granted a furlough of eight days to visit their friends. Those who have not enlisted for the war will be discharged on the 22d, unless their presence should be indispensable in view of the fact that they are now in hourly expectation of a battle. We know our boys do not want to come home without having taken part in a single engagement, and we think they will not, if there is any prospect of getting into one. When they do come home we think there should be some arrangements made to give them a fitting reception, and as the time is short, the arrangements should be made soon.

LEG BROKEN.—On Sunday morning last, Aaron Dunworth, an employee on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, had his leg broken between the knee and ancle, while endeavoring to replace some cars on the track in the yard at this place. A rope with an iron hook on the end was used for the purpose, but by some means the hook gave way, or became detached, and flew out of its place, striking Mr. D. on the leg, and producing an ugly flesh wound and the fracture. Dr. J. M. Gemmill was immediately called, and reduced the fracture, and the injured man is now as comfortable as possible under the circumstances.

SPECIAL TRAIN.—A Special Train arrived in this place, last evening, bringing the Board of Directors and other officials of the Penn'a Rail Road Company, with their families, who have embraced this opportunity to escape for a while from the confines of heated brick and mortar walls and rusticate a few days in this health invigorating region, enjoy the pure mountain air and water, and view the vast superstructures which their dimes helped to erect and over which they exercise a fatherly care. They will return to the city in a special train on Saturday.

CAUTION TO MOTHERS.—It is a very common thing to see mothers and servant girls pushing along the sidewalks the little carriages in which they are giving infants an airing on pleasant days. An exchange remarks that the practice is a very dangerous one, and is liable to do great and permanent injury to the child. The position of a child riding backward instead of forwards, is an unnatural one, and directly affects the brain. Some grown persons even cannot ride backwards in a railroad car without experiencing a sense of faintness, and to expect a child to do what a strong adult cannot, is unreasonable, to say the least. It is believed by medical writers that infants have died from disease produced by being ridden backwards.

IRON CITY COLLEGE.—The following extract from a letter of one of the recent graduates of the Iron City College, Pittsburg, Pa. speaks for itself:

"Every young man who would thoroughly prepare himself for business, should avail himself of the advantages here afforded. Students are nor learned, but taught, and that with all the thoroughness and precision the subject demands, by the most skillful and accomplished instructors, who give their special and constant attention to their pupils. Every thing is treated in a scientific and business-like manner; while the Penmanship, which is taught by the greatest living master of the art, is unequaled by anything in the country. The College is preeminently worthy of public patronage."

A. L. BARSTRESS.

DEAD BODY FOUND.—The dead body of a man named Moore was found, on Tuesday of last week, lying in an unfrequented path leading from Springfield Furnace to Dailey's Distillery, Huston township, this county. Two whiskey bottles—one full and the other empty—were found upon his person. An inquest was held and a verdict found that he came to his death from intemperance. Since the sitting of the inquest, however, facts have come to light which render it not improbable that his death may have been caused by injuries received in a fight on the 4th of July.—*Standard.*

RETURNED.—Mordecai McMahon, a member of Capt. Szink's company, returned home on Saturday evening last, having partially recovered from an attack of typhoid fever, with which he was prostrated for some three or four weeks.

A couple of members of Capt. Wayne's company—Andrew Houseman and David Cahoe—returned home some two weeks since. Both had been prostrated by sickness, and were consequently discharged from the service.

DEATH OF CYRUS BATES.—The Harrisburg papers, of Friday last, brought us intelligence of the death of Cyrus Bates, who, for the last eight years, has occupied the place of engineer on the Express train between this place and Harrisburg. Cy. was known to all our citizens and all along the line of the road, and was much esteemed by all who enjoyed his acquaintance. He was a good engineer, and in his death the Company looses the services of one of its best men for the position he filled.

A SHREWD REMARK.—Barnum lays it down as a rule, in his work on "The Art of Making Money," that "the proper time to advertise judiciously is when others don't." It strikes us that Barnum is very nearly right, and his words we commend to our business men at the time they seem in most need of encouragement.

EXAMINATION.—The examination of teachers who are applicants for the public schools of our borough, came off in this place on Monday and Tuesday last. There were but three applicants in addition to the old teachers. The Board of Directors meet on Saturday to make selections of teachers.

DEAD.—We learn that W. H. H. Parr, a member of Capt. Szink's Company from this place, died in the hospital, at Hagerstown, on Friday last, of dysentery. The deceased was a tailor by trade, and worked for Mr. Thos. Elway, previous to enlisting. He was buried at Hagerstown.

NOTICE.—The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of this place, that he is forced to adopt a *cash* system, on account of the difficulties encountered in collecting outstanding accounts; so that on and after this date he will sell for cash *only*, and shall be pleased to accommodate the public in their wants in his line and plan of business, a few doors above the Post-Office.

A. ROUSH, Practical Druggist.
ALTOONA, July 18, 1861.

President Lincoln's Message.

I am able to state, says a Washington correspondent, that the message was written and complete before it was shown to a single member of the cabinet, nor was any change other than merely verbal ones made thereafter. A characteristic illustration of Mr. Lincoln's partiality for strong *people's* phrases, may be mentioned in this connection. When the proofsheet of the message was under cabinet consideration it was suggested to the President that the phrase "sugar-coated," in the paragraph where he speaks of the Southern politicians having studiously drugged the minds of their people with the sugar-coated heresy of States Rights, was not exactly diplomatic, and might provoke censorious criticism. He considered a moment and replied, "No, let it stand; it is a word the people use; they will know what it means." And so it stood. So cautious and anxious was the President to collect all the public sentiment possible from Representative men arriving in the city, that after the message was sent to the printer, and until one o'clock of the day it was sent in to Congress, blanks were left for the number of men and the amount of money. At the last moment the blanks were deliberately filled as they now appear. The legislation of Congress will come fully up to the recommendations of the message, and the people will soon have the gratification of seeing the great machinery of the Federal government terribly at work to extirpate treason.

THE POSITION AND FATE OF GEN. SCOTT.—In a late number of the Knoxville Whig, Parson Brownlow who knows the Southern rebels well, gives us the following significant paragraph:

"We have reflected much upon the position of Gen. Scott, and his probable fate. The ability with which he plans his campaign, and the patience with which he executes his plans, we have never doubted, would result in the success of the Federal arms. To prevent this victory, and to bring defeat and confusion upon the Federal army, we believe that the Old Hero will be assassinated. We have been looking for such a result—we are now looking for it—and we shall not be in the last surprised to hear of it."

PENNSYLVANIA LEAD.—We were yesterday shown some very beautiful specimens of lead ore, obtained from the new lead mine in New Britain township, in Bucks county, on the North branch of the Neshaming creek. Mr. Neymeyer, of Lehigh county, is the owner of this mine, and is working it himself. He has taken out eighty tons of ore, yielding 75 to 80 per cent. of lead, and the present daily yield is two tons. The ore from this mine is unusually free from any admixture of zinc, copper, or other metals, except silver, of which it yields twenty-five ounces per ton. Mr. Neymeyer is erecting a smelting furnace at his mine, and prosecuting his works with great vigor.

Lead has also recently been found on the farm of Mr. Bonsall, adjoining the mine above mentioned.—*Phila. Press.*

WANTS MORE TROOPS.—Three citizens of Vienna, who took refuge at Camp Hamlin, at Falls Church, state that Gov. Letcher has issued a proclamation requiring the counties of Fairfax, Prince William, Loudon, Fauquier, Orange, Stafford, Culpepper, and Rappahannock, to furnish 1,000 men, with such arms and equipments as they have at their command, within two days. If the number called for is not forthcoming, they are to be drafted. The Viennese, being good Union men, preferred to seek protection within our lines. They say that many of their neighbors will follow at the first opportunity.

☞ A rebel spy was arrested at the Relay House on Sunday. He had come from Richmond by way of Winchester, Strawsburg, and the Point of Rocks. A German woman was also arrested at the Relay House. Upon her being searched by a committee of females at the station, a number of letters and other documents for prominent rebels in Virginia were found secreted in her chemise.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Good for Secessionists, and other vermin—Lyon's powder.

☞ The only line the Rebels find it difficult to manufacture—Supplies.

☞ At the United States Arsenal at Pittsburg, there are 60,000 Minie-rifle bullets and 70,000 cartridges made daily.

☞ Gen. Lyon has ordered the Missouri river blockaded, and boats bound down are now stopped at Leavenworth.

☞ There are now five hundred females employed by the Government in Cincinnati in the manufacture of tents for the army.

☞ On Monday last, Col. John W. Forney was elected Secretary of the United States Senate, in place of Mr. Asbury Dickens.

☞ Gen. Lyon has chased Gen. Jackson in Missouri, and Gen. Patterson has chased another Gen. Jackson in Virginia. The blood of the Gen. Jackson's is degenerating.

☞ The comet of 1843 moved half around the sun in ten and a half hours, with a velocity of 1,500,000 miles an hour—about eighty times faster than Prof. Morse can dispatch his lightning.

☞ Jeff Davis has had the credit of being rather smart, but he is evidently unable to comprehend the strength of the Federal Government, or he would know enough to *come in when it reigns.*

☞ An "old soldier" writes that, in the War of 1812, every soldier was advised to carry a string, to be tied round a bleeding limb and be twisted tight by a stick or ramrod, until a surgeon could be procured.

☞ The declaration of grievances issued by the people of East Tennessee, in the Convention now sitting, recites among other atrocities, the "shooting of women and children by a merciless soldiery."

☞ A beautiful young lady, named Araminta Wilhemina Smith, was found in the camp of the 13th Indiana Regiment, at Indianapolis, on Friday, in uniform, ready to march to Virginia. She was discharged.

☞ The market prices at Dubuque, Iowa, June 22d, were as follows:—Eggs, three cents per dozen; new butter, five cents per pound; strawberries, four cents per quart; meats average six cents per pound.

☞ Gov. Pierpont, of Western Virginia, has issued a proclamation, ordering an election for judge to be held to fill the vacancy in the twentieth district, caused by the refusal of Judge Thompson to take the required oath.

☞ The Milwaukie Zouaves have been presented with $1,000 in gold by the several banks and bankers of Milwaukie as a testimonial of the appreciation of their services in quelling the late riot.

☞ The Treasurer of Dubuque county, Iowa, advertises to the extent of five pages (twenty columns) in the Dubuque "Herald," describing real estate to be sold at auction, for the payment of delinquent taxes.

☞ A Southern paper says that East Tennessee was never anything more than the tail of Tennessee. If that is the case, perhaps Tennessee's tail is broad enough to give her head and shoulders a good switching.—*Prentice.*

☞ The Charleston *Courier* says that South Carolina is as true to the Southern Confederacy as flint is to steel.—Perhaps it would be better to say that she is as true to it as the hammer is to the percussion cap—ready to burst up the whole thing with one blow.

☞ The number of rebel troops in Virginia, exclusive of those at Norfolk and Richmond is stated to be about 47,000. Travelers in the interior of the State declare that hardly a white man is to be seen, the male population having been pressed into the military service.

☞ For starching muslins, ginghams and calicoes, dissolve a piece of alum, the size of a shellbark, for every pint of starch, and add to it. By so doing, the colors will keep bright for a long time, which is very desirable when dresses must be often washed; and the cost is but a trifle.

☞ The House Judiciary Committee have instructed their Chairman to report a bill authorizing the President, in case of rebellion or insurrection, to call out the militia for such a period as he may think proper. The present law only permits the President to call them out for three months.

☞ The general belief at Washington is that Gen. Scott's huge army is about to get in motion and take its winding way through Virginia. The papers call it "the anaconda," but the Virginians need not be afraid that it will bite them; the anaconda always "swallows its victims whole."—*Prentice.*

☞ SUGAR.—Extraordinary exertion will be made in the Western States this fall to manufacture sugar from sorghum—partially with the object of evading the prospective heavy duties on imported sugars, and to supply the deficiency caused by the loss of the crop in Louisiana.

☞ A Southern M. E. Church is so financially embarrassed that the drafts against the Missionary Society are unable to be met. An appeal has been recently issued, calling upon the Church to raise immediately $40,000 to pay a bank debt. Their notes against the book concern are protested.

☞ Recent experiments made in England prove the utter worthlessness of iron-clad vessels. A 128-pounder Armstrong gun shivered a ten-inch plate to pieces at 600 yards. It would appear that a naval engagement is never likely to take place, as the gun-makers have gone ahead of the ship-builders.

☞ The *Iowa Valley Democrat* promises to give the President's message an airing in its next issue. Mr. Lincoln should prevent it, if possible. It might damage him for life. Hold! Messrs. Editors. Are there no Route Agencies in Iowa that have not yet been filled by the new Administration?

☞ Almost everything that is done by the civil and military authorities of the United States is called by the Southern organs an outrage. We expect every day to see the capture of privateers by United States Ships-of-war denounced as one of the most flagitious outrages in the world's history.

☞ Whilst the planters of the South, to raise money for their contemplated new Government, are pledging their lands, their cotton, and their negroes, and the women pledging their bracelets, their rings, and their breastpins, why can't Floyd and Thompson raise the whole necessary amount at once by *pledging their honor!*—*Prentice.*

☞ In many parts of Germany, the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo has been celebrated this year with a degree of ostentation which has offended the French Government. France does not need to be reminded—at least, not by Germany—that Waterloo is yet unrevenged, and that the Rhine is yet outside the French frontier.

☞ Southerners will not come North this year, as usual, to disport themselves at our charming summer retreats, Saratoga, Newport, etc. This, we think, must result from a conviction on their part, that Gen. Scott will provide them with a great many nice *retreats* at home.

☞ Some of the bombs fired by the Federal troops were found filled with saw dust; but the rebels have some of the same kind. One fired from the rifled cannon at Big Bethel was sent to the U. S. Arsenal at Troy, where it was found to be filled with rice. There must be a little treachery on both sides.

☞ Retaliation.—It is reported from Richmond, by the way of Charleston, that the Confederate Government have ordered Colonel Bowman and another prisoner of war into custody, and have given notice to the Government at Washington that if any harm is done to one of the crew of the Savannah, it will be immediately followed by retaliation, even to hanging.

☞ A WIFE'S INFLUENCE.—A married man falling into misfortune is more apt to retrieve his situation in the world than a single one, chiefly because his spirits are soothed and retrieved by domestic endearments, and his self-respect kept alive by finding that although all abroad be darkness and humiliation, yet there is a little world of love at home, over which he is a monarch.

☞ Mrs. John Slidell and daughters, it is said, have been and are now residing in Washington, in the vicinity of the White House. Mrs. S. has many highly respectable connections living in New York City, where she frequently visits. It is quite probable that it was this lady to whom Wigfall paid his secret visit not long since, and that she it is who keeps a table constantly set in waiting for Beauregard.

☞ CURIOUS.—A prominent Southern editor, says the Louisville *Journal*, charges the whole Northern population with being infamous ruffians bent upon overspreading the South with rapine and ravage and murder, and denounces us as a traitor, and calls upon the Vigilance Committees of the South to suppress our paper as an incendiary sheet, also keeps his wife in the North and asks us to be the medium for the interchange of letters between her and himself!

☞ The Mobile *Register*, in its commercial report of the 15th ult., gives the arrivals of cotton at 143 bales, against 1,980 for the corresponding week last year; stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared, 9,097 bales, against 55,500 bales same time last year. Bacon, clear sides, 17c.; sugar-cured hams, 16c—stock small; butter, 30c., for choice Goshen; coffee, 20c.; flour, $8.50 to $15 per barrel; corn $1 to $1.10; pork, mess, $27; rump, $22 per barrel; rice 5 to 5½ per pound.

☞ To have delightfully hard butter in summer, without ice, the plan recommended by the Scientific American is a good one: Put a trivit, or any open flat thing with legs, in a saucer; put on this trivit the plate of butter; fill the saucer with water; turn a common flower-pot upside down over the butter, so that its edge shall be within the saucer and under the water. Stop up the whole of the flower-pot with water, set in a cool place until morning; or if done in the morning, the butter will be very hard by supper-time.

☞ A TIPO IN WOE.—A poor editor out West somewhere fell into the hands of the Philistines, and broke forth in the following gizzard-moving appeal:

Sheriff, spare that press!
Touch not a single type;
Don't put me in distress,
To stick me all through life.
It was my daddy's hand
That reared it in this town;
Then, Sheriff, let it stand—
Oh! please don't take it down.
'Tis all in all to me;
If lost what shall I do?
Then why not let it be?
O, Sheriff! boo! hoo! hoo!

MARRIED:

On the 15th inst., by John McClelland, Esq., Mr. FRANK ZEEK to Miss CATHARINE SWISHER, both of Altoona.

On the 16th inst., by the same, Mr. CHRISTIAN SENGER to Miss MARGARET FEUCHTER, both of Tyrone.

☞ We re-publish the following to correct a mistake in the name of the bride:

On the 27th ult., by the Rev. Wm. Lee Spotswood, Mr. DAVID HART to Miss HARRIET McPHERREN, both of Altoona.

ESTRAY COW.—Strayed away from the residence of the subscriber, in Altoona, on the 11th ult., a middling sized Dark Brindle COW, about five years old, with a white stripe across her forehead, well shaped horns, end of tail white, also mark of cut on tail for wolf disease.

A suitable reward will be paid for the delivery of the Cow, or for information where she may be found.
July 11, 1861-3t PHILIP HALTON.

STORE FOR SALE.—The subscriber, desirous of going out of business on account of failing health, offers for sale, at a bargain, the entire stock of goods in his Store-Room, on the corner of Branch and Annie streets, East Altoona, together with a lease of the Store-Room for a term of four years or ten years, as may be desired. The location is one of the best in the town, and the stock of goods first-class. They will be sold by the lot, or at Philadelphia cost prices—carriage off. Call immediately, or apply by letter to J. E. ICKES.
Altoona, July 11, 1861.-3t.

Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!!

HUZZA FOR NORTH WARD.—The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the surrounding country that he has rented the store room formerly occupied by Jacob Burkhart, on Virginia street, near A. McCormick's store, where he is about opening a

Grocery, Flour, Feed and Provision Store.

He has just returned from the East where he has been selecting his groceries with great care and buying exclusively for cash, which enables him to sell as low, if not a little lower, than any house in the place. He would therefore say to all who wish a good article of groceries, and at a low figure, to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

His stock consists of

Hats and Caps, Men and Women's Shoes, Notions of all kinds.

Extra Family Flour, Superfine, Corn Meal, Rye and Corn Chop.

Extra Lovering Syrup Molasses,	60	cents	per gal.
Golden "	45	"	"
Pennsylvania "	35	"	"
Baking "	37½	"	"
White Crush Sugar	11	"	lb.
White "	10	"	"
Refined "	10	"	"
Best Brown "	8	"	"
Cuba "	7	"	"
Rio Coffee	15 to 16	"	"
Best Imperial Teas	90	"	"
2nd quality "	75	"	"
Black "	60	"	"

Rosin and Castile Soap, Raisins, Figs, Almonds, Filberts, English Walnuts, Cream Nuts, Mackerel, Herring, Lake Trout, Dairy Salt, Cheese, and everything that is necessarily kept in a good family grocery.
April 4, '61-tf. J. A. SPRANKLE.

What's the News?

WHY THIS, THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and opened a large and beautiful stock of

SEASONABLE GOODS

among which may be found the following

FOR THE LADIES:

Fancy and Plain, magnificent and brilliant styles of Spring Silks, Black Silks, Norwich Poplins, Challie De Laines, colored and figured Brilliants, French and English Chintzes, English and American Calicoes, &c.

WHITE GOODS.

We have in this department, Linens, Laces, Edgings, Cambrics, Brilliants, Nainsooks, Jaconets, Lawns, Mull Muslins, Ladies Fine French Collars, Undersleeves, &c., all of which we respectfully ask a thorough examination in order to satisfy Ladies that we have these goods better and lower in price than the lowest.

Mourning Goods.

This line of goods is very ample in every department.

Hosiery and Gloves.

Silk, Woolen Cotton and Linen Hose for ladies and gentlemen, and an endless variety for children. Ladies and gentlemen's Kid, Kid Finishes, Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves. Call and see our far famed "Buck Gloves."

DOMESTICS.

Muslins, Flannels, Blankets, and every article in the Domestic line of Dry Goods, in larger quantity and in more complete assortment than can be found in any house in the interior of Pennsylvania.

We have also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,

together with a full stock of

Groceries, Queensware, Hardware,

and all the et ceteras of a country store.
May 9, 1861. J. P. HILEMAN

BŒRHAVE'S
HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR

DYSPEPSIA,
DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND,
FEVER AND AGUE,

And the various affections consequent upon a disordered

STOMACH OR LIVER,

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Berhave. Its reputation at home produced its introduction here, the demand commencing with those of the Fatherland scattered over the face of this mighty country, many of whom brought with them and handed down the tradition of its value. *It is now offered to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.*

It is particularly recommended to these persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

NOTICE.—Whoever expects to find this a beverage will be disappointed; but to the sick, weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.

READ CAREFULLY!

The Genuine highly concentrated Berhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half-pint bottles only, and retailed at ONE DOLLAR per bottle, or six bottles for FIVE DOLLARS. The great demand for this truly celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.

☞ Beware of Imposition. See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

Sold by Druggists generally. It can be forwarded by Express to most points.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,
BENJAMIN PAGE, JR. & CO.
MANUFACTURING
Pharmaceutists and Chemists,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

For sale by A. ROUSH Altoona.
April 18, 1861-1amly.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
WORTHY OF
Universal Confidence and Patronage.

FOR STATESMEN, JUDGES, CLERGYMEN,

Ladies and Gentlemen, in all parts of the world testify to the efficacy of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and gentlemen of the Press are unanimous in its praise. A few testimonials only can be here given; see circular for more, and it will be impossible for you to doubt.

47 Wall street, New York, Dec. 20, 1858.

GENTLEMEN:—Your note of the 15th inst., has been received, saying that you had heard that I had been benefitted by the use of Wood's Hair Restorative, and requesting my certificate of the fact if I had no objection to give it.

I award it to you cheerfully, because I think it due. My age is about 50 years; the color of my hair auburn, and inclined to curl. Some five or six years since it began to turn gray, and the scalp on the crown of my head to lose its sensibility and dandruff to form upon it. Each of those disagreeabilities increased with time, and about 4 months since a fourth was added to them, by hair falling off the top of my head and threatening to make me bald.

In this unpleasant predicament, I was induced to try Wood's Hair Restorative, mainly to arrest the falling off of my hair, for I had really no expectation that gray hair could ever be restored to its original color except from dyes. I was, however, greatly surprised to find after the use of two bottles only, that not only was the falling off arrested, but the color was restored to the gray hairs and sensibility to the scalp, and dandruff ceased to form on my head, very much to the gratification of my wife, at whose solicitation I was induced to try it.

For this, among the many obligations I owe to her sex, I strongly recommend all husbands who value the admiration of their wives to prove it by my example, and use it if growing gray or getting bald.

Very respectfully,
BEN. A. LAVENDER.

To O J Wood & Co., 444 Broadway, New York.

My family are absent from the city, and I am no longer at No. 11 Carroll Place.

Stamaston, Ala., July 20th, 1859.

To Prof. O J Wood: Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative has done my hair so much good since I commenced the use of it, that I wish to make known to the PUBLIC of its effects on the hair, which are great. A man or woman may be nearly deprived of hair, and by a resort to your "Hair Restorative," the hair will return more beautiful than ever; at least this is my experience. Believe it all!

Yours truly, WM. H. KENEDY.

P. S.—You can publish the above if you like. By publishing in our Southern papers you will get more patronage south. I see several of your certificates in the Mobile *Mercury*, a strong Southern paper. W. H. KENEDY.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Prof. O J Wood: Dear Sir—Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1851, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation, and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small: the small holds ¼ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale in Altoona by A. ROUSH and G. W. KESSLER, Agents, and all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
July 1st, 1861-1yeow

LADIES' WINE.
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE,
OF CULTIVATED PORTUGAL ELDER.
EXCELLENT WINE FOR FEMALES.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD USE
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE.

CELEBRATED for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a genuine Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, and some of the first families in Europe and America.

SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE

is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure, from cultivated Portugal Elder, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm. Improving the appetite, and benefitting ladies and children.

A LADIES' WINE,

because it will not intoxicate as other wines, as it contains no mixture of spirits or other liquors, and is admired for its rich peculiar flavor and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft and healthy skin and complexion.

None genuine unless the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

MAKE ONE TRIAL OF THIS WINE.

A. SPEER, Proprietor,
Office 203 Broadway, New York.

☞ For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona; GEO. W. PATTERSON and GEO. A. JACOBS, Hollidaysburg; and by W. NOWLIN & CO., Tyrone. [jc27-1y

FASHIONABLE MILLINARY & TRIM

HARD TIMES

MADE EASY!

Good News for the Unemployed!

1000 Chances to make Money!

ONE MILLION DOLLARS

WORTH OF

WATCHES,
JEWELRY
AND
SILVER-PLATED WARE,

TO BE DISPOSED OF ON

AN ENTIRELY NEW

AND

ORIGINAL PLAN!

2,500 AGENTS WANTED!!!

All persons desirous of securing an Agency in this

New Enterprise

Should send on their names at once, enclosing a 3 cent stamp to pay postage, and receive by return of mail

A PREMIUM
CATALOGUE

Containing

OUR INDUCEMENTS,

Which afford

A RARE CHANCE

TO MAKE

MONEY

without risk, together with

FULL PARTICULARS

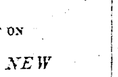
Relative to this

NOVEL PLAN!

To insure prompt and satisfactory dealings, direct all orders to

GEORGE G. EVANS,
439 Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia.

HUTTER'S
STATE CAPITOL
BOOK BINDERY,
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,
No. 54 Market St, Harrisburg, Pa.



This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies and private individuals. In all cases the very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books printed, paged and bound to any desired pattern. Sheriff's, Attorneys and Justices' Dockets of all sizes, made and ruled to order. Triennial and Yearly Assessment Duplicates, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. County Dockets made of the best linen paper.

Librarians, and others, desiring to have their Books well bound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason's Pictorial, Bellou, Scientific American, London News, bound to order, and in fancy style required. Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or the more plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlets, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good Library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, can receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be speedily executed, safely packed and returned by Express.—All work warranted. Address F. L. HUTTER,
Harrisburg, Pa.

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are my agents for Altoona and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1861-1y

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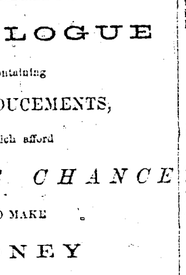
JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,
The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!



I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 30–2m JACOB SNYDER.

SPRING OF 1861.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

The Largest Assortment and Lowest Prices in Pittsburgh. Come and see.

WALTER P. MARSHALL,
No. 87, Wood Street,
(Near Fourth, at the Old Stand.)

Has for sale beautiful French, German & American

WALL PAPERS,

For Parlors,
Halls,
Chambers,
Churches,
Lodges,

50,000 rolls at 12½ cts. 50,000 rolls at 6, 8 and 10 cents.

Window Curtains, Fire Board Prints,
Tester Covers, Ceilings, &c.

☞ Look for the Striped Front.

Altoona, March 7, 1861-1m.

Wall Paper and Border.

AN UNUSUALLY LARGE STOCK of the

LATEST SPRING STYLES,

Just received, which will be sold cheaper than ever by
March 21, 1861-tf. J. & J. LOWTHER.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

PROF. L. MILLER'S
HAIR INVIGORATOR!!

AN EFFECTIVE, SAFE AND ECONOMICAL COMPOUND.

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections at the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from *dandruff and other cutaneous diseases*, causes the hair to grow luxuriently, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thining, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a *fresh covering of hair*.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above fact, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the *hair from turning gray* until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty *restore it to its original hue*, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in *dressing the hair*, which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a *standard toilet article* which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being.

ONLY 25 CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of the Invigorator, in cases where the childrens' Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a *good head of hair*, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of the Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St., and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American Public my

New and Improved Instantaneous
LIQUID HAIR DYE

which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

Price, Only 50 Cents.

Aug. 23, '60–1y. Depot, 56 Dey St., New York.

AUCTION GOODS
VERY CHEAP AT
McCormick's Store, in East Altoona!

JUST OPENED A VERY LARGE and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of British, French and American Dry Goods, selected with great care to suit this region of country. In the line of Ladies Dress Goods for quality and price, they will surpass.

Mantillas, Dusters, Shawls, White Goods, Embroideries, Irish Linens, Linen Handkerchiefs, Hoopskirts, Clothes, Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Prints, Ginghams, Muslins, Flannels, Etc., Etc.

Boots & Shoes in all their various make and material for Men & Boys' as well as Ladies, Misses and Children.

Ready Made Clothing,

a full assortment to suit the season, with Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, Parasols, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Matting, Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Tin Ware, Queensware, Hard Ware, Stone Ware, Market Baskets, Zink Rubbers, Brushes, Clothes Lines, &c., with all articles necessary to make up a full assortment to meet the wants of the people.

ALSO, a complete

FAMILY GROCERY,

which will have our special attention, first in buying and selecting the best, and freshest articles as well as keeping it up at all times. Coffees of the very best and richest varieties.

TEAS,

Black and Green of the best quality and flavor. Sugars good and cheap; common Brown at 6, good at 8 cents, common white 10 cents.

Syrups and Baking Molasses,

from the best Loverings at 60c. to the lowest grade at 40 cents. Corn-starch, Dryed Peaches, Dryed Apples, Farrenas, Dryed Beef, Mackerel, Salmon, Herring, Lake Fish & Dry Fish, Window Glass, different sizes, &c., all of which will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for Produce.

Always on hand, Spear & Hails celebrated Iron Flour. Persons visiting town would do well to call before making their selections to call and examine our stock, as we will be pleased to see them free of charge. Very thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage.

Altoona, April 18th, 1861-tf

LABOR-SAVING
WASHING MACHINE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the right for Blair county, of

Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine,

are now manufacturing them at Altoona, and intend to supply them to those persons throughout the county who desire a LABOR-SAVING MACHINE.

This machine is got up on an entirely new principle, and is considered, by those who have seen it in use, the best that has ever been brought before the public.

Among the many advantages of this machine over all others may be mentioned the following:

1st. Its simplicity of construction, making it almost impossible to get out of order.

2d. Its speed, which astonishes alike the operater and the looker-on.

3rd. The facility with which it adapts itself to the bulk or quantity of clothes desired to be washed.

4th. It washes equally well the finest and lightest fabric or the coarsest and heaviest, such as bed-quilts, comforts, blankets, &c.

McMINN & DERN,
Altoona, Blair County, Pa.

We the undersigned, hereby certify that we are now using Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine and are fully satisfied that it is a very excellent article of the kind; combining as it does great speed with little labor, and performing its work in the most satisfactory manner. We therefore cheerfully recommend it to all who desire a real "labor-saving washing machine.

JOHN WOODS, EMILE TIETZE,
MICHAEL CALVERT, THOS. McAULEY,
JOSEPH G. ADLUM, DANIEL PRICE.
E. A. O. KEER.

HAT & CAP EMPORIUM,
JESSE SMITH, Proprietor.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF HATS and CAPS constantly on hand. It is the determination of the proprietor of this Emporium to keep up with the times and fashions, and to do this he spares no expense. He has just received his supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS AND CAPS,

among which will be found styles and qualities to suit the tastes of old or young, plain or fashionable.

To give the names, colors, qualities and styles of all his goods in this line, would only confuse the reader, and he would not then understand or appreciate the diversity and magnitude of his stock. It must be seen to be believed.—Go and see Jesse if you want to see a live hatter and a fashionable stock.

He has also a fine assortment of CHILDREN'S HATS and FLATS, to which he invites the attention of a dicitous mothers. At his store they will find something which will excel all their neighbors in the way of fashion and beauty. Go, mothers, and examine and select from Jesse Smith's stock.

Store on Virginia Street, opposite the Lutheran Church.
May 9, 1861.

J. G. ADLUM,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.
October 1, 1857.

ROBES! ROBES!

Just received a fine lot of Buffalo Robes, which we will sell at from $4 to $10 a piece. Two doors below the Post Office. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*
Jan. 3, 1861.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND LOT, desirably located in the Borough of Altoona. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.
Altoona, Feb. 9, 1860-tf.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by
1-tf. G. W. KESSLER.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT 1-tf. KESSLER'S.

MOFFAT'S
LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINE HAVES NOW been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES

are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; FLATULENCY, Loss or Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill Temper, Anxiety, Languor, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

DROPSIES of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL.

Also WORMS, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

SCURVY, ULCERS, and INVETERATE SORES, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and BAD COMPLEXIONS, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these medicines was cured of Piles, of 35 years standing, by the use of the Life Medicines alone.

FEVER & AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—try them, be satisfied, and be cured.

BILLIOUS FEVERS and LIVER COMPLAINTS.—General debility, loss of appetite and diseases of females—the medicines have been tried with the most beneficial results in cases of this description:—Kings Evil and Scrofula, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds, Palpitation of the Heart, Painters' Colic, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system, all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by W. B. MOFFAT,
335 Broadway, New York.

For sale by all Druggists. [Sept. 13, 1860-1y.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Aug. 16, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

GROCERY, PROVISION,
AND
WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INform the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA,
SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.
July 12, 1860-tf. J. BERKOWITZ.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,
Brogans, Gaiters, &c.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below the Post Office.
Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

LANDS! LANDS!! LANDS!!!

The undersigned is prepared to locate LAND WARRANTS in the Omaha and Nebraska City Land Offices.—Good selections can now be made near the large streams and settlements. The Lands of this Territory, now in Market, are of the best quality.

☞ Selections carefully made. Letters of inquiry requested. ALEX. F. McKINNEY,
OMAHOLIS, Cass County, N. Ter.

July 14, 1859.-tf

REFERENCES:

Rev. A. B. CLARK, Altoona, Pa.
WM. M. LLOYD & Co., Bankers, Altoona, Pa.
McCRUM & DERN, Editors, "
THOS. A. SCOTT, Supt. P. R. R., "
D. McMURTRIE, Esq., Huntingdon, Pa.

S. M. WOODKOK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties.

Having had several years' experience in the practice of the Law, he expects to merit public patronage.

Office on ANNE STREET, 3 doors above the Post Office.
Sept. 6, 1860-tf.

W. M. LLOYD & CO., *ALTOONA, PA.,*
JOHNSTON, JACK & CO., *HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.,*

BANKERS,

(Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.")

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.
Feb. 3d, 1859.

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL

DRUGGIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

WM. S. BITTNER,
DENTAL SURGEON.

OFFICE IN THE MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

☞ A Student wanted. [Dec. 23, '58.-tf.

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2 '56.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at
[1-tf G. W. KESSLER'S.

NEW STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
AT HILEMAN'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER INFORMS HIS customers, and the public generally, that he has just received a large and beautiful assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which, for magnificence, extent and variety, have never before been excelled in Blair county. Particular attention is invited to our stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Beages, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, D. Beges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Bonkery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mits, &c., &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

We have Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, Jeans, &c. Heads of families would do well to call and examine our stock of Winter Goods for Boys.

Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Glassware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Oil Cloths, Carpets, &c., in any quantity and at prices that cannot fail to please.

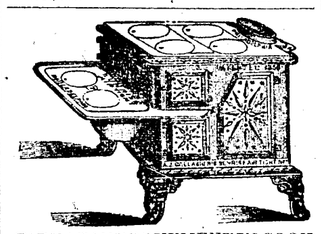
GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Oct. 25, 1860. J. B. HILEMAN.



GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN COOKING STOVES.

CONSUMPTION OF SMOKE AND GAS AND SAVING OF FUEL.

The subscriber takes pleasure in offering to the public NEW GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING

Cooking Stove, recently patented, which is destined to supercede all others, as it requires

ONE-THIRD LESS FUEL

than other stoves and is more easily, quickly and regularly heated. No unpleasant smell of gas arises from this stove from the fact that it is all consumed ere it can escape. There is no trouble from smoke as that unpleasant and often annoying exhibition is also consumed inside of the stove. Neither is there any danger of flues or chimneys becoming clogged with soot or the mortar loosened by the gas arising from coal fires.

Persons wishing to purchase stoves are invited to call at the store of the subscriber, in the Masonic Temple, and examine the above stoves. JOHN SHOEMAKER,
Sole Agent for Blair County.

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Aug. 12, 1858.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

SPRING GOODS
AT THE "MODEL."

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN unusually fine Stock of Goods suitable for the Season. No Auction trash, but regular good Goods at very low prices. We deem it unnecessary to parade the prices of a few articles in an advertisement, but only say that we can and will sell goods as fair prices as any other house in the place. We have, as usual, a great variety of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

In this department we think we can say we have the best assortment to be found in the place, consisting in part of

Black and Fancy Silks, Poplins, Lustres, Morellas, Broche Mozambiques, Arabesques, Fancy Stripes, Grisailles, Colabrians, Cloths, Delaines, Delages, Lavellas, Brilliants, Ginghams, Linen, Chintzs, Prints, and a full line of Domestic Dry Goods.

Also, Stella and Fancy Nubia Shawls, Dusters, Hosiery, Gloves Collars and Cuffs, Magic Ruffling and a full stock of all kinds of notions and Fancy Goods. Umbrellas large and small. Boots and Shoes, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Window Shades, Wall Paper and Border, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware, Queensware.

Childrens Fancy Gigs, &c., &c.

We have also on hands a very large and superior stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES
at Greatly Reduced Prices. Sugars and Syrups by the barrel at a small advance.

☞ We take this occasion to return our sincere thanks to the people of Altoona and vicinity for a share of their patronage heretofore received, and invite them to drop in and see our new stock which we feel confident will please.

Altoona, April 19. J. & J. LOWTHER.

Stoves, Tin & Sheet Iron Ware,
SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Sheep Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

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MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, and VESTING,

material for

FINE AND COARSE

OVERCOATS,

material for

BOYS' CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neckties, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1860-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1858-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. D. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*
Jan. 27, '59-tf

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned Agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.
Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER.
Dec. 11, 1856-tf. Masonic Temple.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by
Oct. 18-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, because the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blazoning puffery. The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half-million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year the consumption will reach near one million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is not a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of trumpeting the qualities of the Bitters, but a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and soon restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in it a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and rejuvenating generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomach derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when their cares are so harassing that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so absorbingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to recuperate the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive the endorsement of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons, to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhœa, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, superannuated invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a trial.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona, Pa.
Sept. 20, 1860-1y.

GROCERY AND BAKERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNces to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoices of

Fruit, Confectionaries, Nuts, Spices

and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS &C.,

always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Butter,

EGGS, GOOD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR,

BUCKWHET FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.,

always in store and for sale in large or small quantities.

Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap as any in town.

Dec. 20, '60-1y.] JACOB WISE.

Literary Emporium and News Depot
CONFECTIONARY, SEGAR, TOBACCO,
JEWELRY & VARIETY STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER CONTINUES to keep constantly on hand all the best literary papers and periodicals, daily papers from Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburgh, together with a good assortment of Books. All the School Books used in this place and vicinity always on hand.

Also, a choice lot of Confectionaries, and knick knacks of all kinds for children. Also the best Tobacco & Segars to be had in town, together with a fine assortment of Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Rings and other articles of Jewelry. Call and examine. H. FETTINGER.
Altoona, July 26, '60-1y. *No. 1 Altoona House.*

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.
March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.
Jan. 24, '56–tf]

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at KESSLER'S.

WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT!
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TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE

$100,000 WORTH OF JEWELRY.

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.

A Large and Splendid Assortment of Jewelry, consisting OF CHAINS, BRACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c.

And all styles of French Plated Chains, Gold and Plated Jewelry.

We do not keep or sell any gilt, gift or galvanized goods. Ours is what are sold by the best Jewelers as *Gold Jewelry.*

We receive our goods from the best Gold Jewelry Manufacturers in the States,

WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
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The following is only a partial list of our immense stock:

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR

$1 EACH.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1.

Large Size and Splendid Cameo Sets, General Retail Prices,			$5 to $1
Do do	Lava	do	10 to 2
Do do	Carbuncle	do	5 to 8
Do Ladies' Enamelled and Coral		do	7 to 10
Do do and Carbuncle		do	7 to 10
Do do and Ruby		do	7 to 10
Do Gold Cluster Crape Setting sets		do	10 to 20
Do do do Vase do		do	10 to 20
Do do do Jet Sets,		do	5 to 12
Do do Black Mosaic		do	6 to 12
Do do Gold Stone Mosaic		do	6 to 12
Do do Calico Sets,		do	6 to 12
Do Ribbon Twists, with brilliants,		do	5 to 15
Do Boquet Sets, new style,		do	5 to 20
Do Enamelled Cluster do		do	10 to 30
Gold Thimbles,		do	4 to 7
Diamond Pointed Gold Pens and Cases,			3 to 4
½ doz. Silver Plated Spoons,			2 00
Silver Plated Mugs,			4 00

Over 1000 other different styles Ladies' Jewelry; Medallions, all styles, patterns and sizes; Lockets of every description; Gold Pens, 14 karet, with Silver Extension Holder; Gold Pencils, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Coral, Lava, Cameo and Band Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains, warranted to wear for ten years without changing color, and will stand the acid—they are usually sold by Jewelers as solid gold chains—all made in Paris. You can take your choice for $1 each. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains, $1 each, usually sold by Jewelers at from $5 to $20 each; Ladies' and Children's Neck Chains, beautiful patterns; Garnets, brilliant, enamelled and ruby settings; Crosses, plain and enamelled, for $1 each, retail prices from $5 to $20 each. Every style and variety of Jewelry and desirable goods for $1 each.

This sale, at the above prices, will continue long enough to sell off our immense stock, which was purchased at a great Sacrifice from Manufacturers who have failed.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOW TO SEND MONEY.—☜

1st. Write your name, place of Residence, County and State, *plain and distinct*, as we can make *nothing out of Post marks.*

Seal all letters with WAX, as Envelopes sealed with gum or wafers can be easily opened—the contents taken out and resealed. Attend to this, and we will be responsible for your money.

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